

HISTORY, JURISDICTION, AND SUMMARY OF LEGIS-
LATIVE ACTIVITIES OF THE COMMITTEE ON
ENERGY AND NATURAL RESOURCES DURING THE
98TH CONGRESS

PREPARED AT THE REQUEST OF

JAMES A. McCLURE, *Chairman*

COMMITTEE ON ENERGY AND NATURAL
RESOURCES

UNITED STATES SENATE



MARCH 5 (legislative day, FEBRUARY 18), 1985.—Ordered to be printed

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COMMITTEE ON ENERGY AND NATURAL RESOURCES

[99th Congress]

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[98th Congress, 2nd Session]

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D. MICHAEL HARVEY, *Chief Counsel for the Minority*

MEMORANDUM OF THE CHAIRMAN

To Members of the Senate Committee on Energy and Natural Resources:

The enclosed report reviews the accomplishments of the committee in the 98th Congress.

During this period the committee continued its jurisdictional responsibilities for oversight of Federal energy, natural resources, and territorial issues, and legislation related thereto. As reviewed in the attached report, the committee held 157 days of public hearings (including 67 days of oversight hearings, 75 days of legislative hearings, and 13 days of hearings on nominations). Also included were 28 days of field hearings and 2 days of workshops.

The committee also held 78 business meetings on matters within its jurisdiction, reporting 86 bills or resolutions and 15 nominations. Twelve other measures were discharged from the committee. In the aggregate the Congress enacted 66 public laws within the jurisdiction of the committee. An additional nine measures were incorporated into related public laws.

This rigorous oversight and legislative record by committee members and staff has laid the foundation for major legislative initiatives in the 99th Congress.

I hope this report is helpful to you in preparing for the 99th Congress. Additional copies may be obtained from the committee offices.

JAMES A. MCCLURE, *Chairman.*

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HISTORY AND CURRENT JURISDICTION

HISTORY

Although the Federal Constitution does not even mention committees, the committee system was established by the First Congress. Our first lawmakers recognized the need for workable units to find facts and make policy recommendations, based on indepth study and expertise.

The present committee organization was created in 1977 by the "Committee System Reorganization Amendments of 1977" (S. Res. 4, 95th Cong.). The purpose of Senate Resolution 4 was to streamline the Senate's procedural organization by reorganizing the committee jurisdictions as reasonably as possible and within the hands of fewer committees.

CURRENT JURISDICTION

Under Senate Rule XXV(g) the jurisdiction of the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources extends to—

"all proposed legislation, messages, petitions, memorials, and other matters relating to the following subjects:

- "1. Coal production, distribution, and utilization.
- "2. Energy policy.
- "3. Energy regulation and conservation.
- "4. Energy related aspects of deepwater ports.
- "5. Energy research and development.
- "6. Extraction of minerals from oceans and Outer Continental Shelf lands.
- "7. Hydroelectric power, irrigation, and reclamation.
- "8. Mining education and research.
- "9. Mining, mineral lands, mining claims, and conservation.
- "10. National Parks, recreation areas, wilderness areas, wild and scenic rivers, historical sites, military parks and battlefields, and on the public domain, preservation of prehistoric ruins and objects of interest.
- "11. Naval petroleum reserves in Alaska.
- "12. Nonmilitary development of nuclear energy.
- "13. Oil and gas production and distribution.
- "14. Public lands and forests, including farming and grazing thereon, and mineral extraction therefrom.
- "15. Solar energy systems.
- "16. Territorial possessions of the United States, including trusteeships."

At the beginning of the 98th Congress (1983-84), the committee reorganized its subcommittees to reflect its anticipated oversight and legislative workload. At the January 6, 1981, committee orga-

nizational meeting six subcommittees were established: the Subcommittee on Energy Conservation and Supply; the Subcommittee on Energy and Mineral Resources; the Subcommittee on Energy Research and Development; the Subcommittee on Energy Regulations; the Subcommittee on Public Lands and Reserved Water; and the Subcommittee on Water and Power.

Under the new subcommittee structure, the jurisdiction of the Subcommittee on Energy Conservation and Supply included oversight and legislative responsibilities for Federal energy conservation programs; energy information; commercialization of new technologies (e.g., wind, solar, ocean thermal energy conversion); deep water ports; liquified natural gas projects; low head hydro; OCS leasing; deep seabed mining; and territorial affairs.

The jurisdiction of the Subcommittee on Energy and Mineral Resources included oversight and legislative responsibilities for energy and nonfuel mineral resources; Federal mineral leasing; mining policy and general mining laws; surface mining; petroleum reserves; strategic petroleum reserves; coal production, distribution, and utilization; oil and gas production and distribution; mining education and research; mineral extraction from public lands; and mining claims and mineral conservation.

The jurisdiction of the Subcommittee on Energy Regulation included oversight and legislative responsibilities for nuclear insurance and facilities siting; pipelines; coal conversion; regulatory functions of Economic Regulatory Administration (except emergency petroleum allocation); FERC (Federal Energy Regulatory Commission); intergovernmental relations; refinery policy; PIFUA (Powerplant and Industrial Fuel Use Act) and ESECA (Energy Supply and Environmental Coordination Act) amendments; crude oil and petroleum product pricing; and gasoline rationing.

The jurisdiction of the Subcommittee on Energy Research and Development included oversight and legislative responsibilities for nuclear R&D; coal and synfuels R&D, except nonnuclear commercialization projects; nuclear fuel cycle policy, including uranium resources; Synthetic Fuels Corporation; and new technologies R&D (e.g., solar, OTEC, and MHD).

The jurisdiction of the Subcommittee on Public Lands and Reserved Water included oversight and legislative responsibilities for BLM lands (timber, range wildlife, and recreation management); national forests lands; parks; wilderness; wild and scenic rivers; Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act; reserved water rights; MX missile land withdrawal; national recreation areas; national monuments; historic sites; military parks and battlefields; National Trail System; Land and Water Conservation Fund; creation of wildlife refuges on public lands; historic preservation; renewable resources; and, on the public domain, preservation of prehistoric ruins and objects of interest.

The jurisdiction of the Subcommittee on Water and Power included oversight and legislative responsibilities for irrigation; reclamation projects; power marketing administrations (e.g., Bonneville, Wester Area Power, Southeastern Power); energy development impacts on water resources; small power producers; and hydroelectric power.

In addition, numerous important matters were considered directly by the full committee without initial reference to a subcommittee. In addition to Executive nominations, such matters include issues that (1) require extremely expeditious handling, or (2) substantially overlap two or more subcommittee jurisdictions, or (3) are of exceptional national significance in which all members wish to participate fully.

During the 98th Congress the jurisdiction of the full committee also included oversight and legislative responsibilities for coal severance tax; breeder reactor development; natural gas pricing; petroleum allocation; international energy affairs; ANGTS (Alaska Natural Gas Transportation System) financing; and territorial policy (including changes in status such as Statehood or Micronesian Compacts of Free Association and issues affecting Antarctica).

HISTORY, JURISDICTION, AND SUMMARY OF LEGISLATIVE ACTIVITIES OF THE COMMITTEE ON ENERGY AND NATURAL RESOURCES DURING THE 98TH CONGRESS

MARCH 5 (legislative day, FEBRUARY 18), 1985.—Ordered to be printed

Mr. JAMES A. McCLURE, from the Committee on Energy and
Natural Resources, submitted the following

REPORT

SUMMARY OF COMMITTEE ACTIVITIES IN THE 98TH CONGRESS

OVERVIEW

During the 98th Congress a total of 333 bills and resolutions were referred for consideration to the Senate Committee on Energy and Natural Resources. Six other bills and resolutions under the committee's jurisdiction were considered and passed by the Senate without committee referral. In addition, the committee received 19 nominations, 34 Presidential messages, and 453 Executive communications.

The committee held 157 days of public hearings (including 28 field hearings and 2 days of workshops) during the 98th Congress. These hearings encompassed 67 days of oversight hearings, 75 days of legislative hearings, and 13 days of hearings on nominations. The committee also held 78 business meetings.

The committee completed action on a broad variety of Executive and legislative issues. Legislatively, 86 bills or resolutions were reported by the committee and the committee was discharged from 12 other measures. Among these were three measures which were sequentially referred to the committee and reported favorably with amendments: (1) Emergency Wetlands Resources Act of 1983 (S. 1329); (2) Nuclear Regulatory Commission Authorization Act for Fiscal Years 1984 and 1985 (Public Law 98-553); and (3) Water Resources Development Act of 1983 (S. 1739). In addition, 11 measures passed by the House of Representatives, within the jurisdiction of the committee, were considered by the Senate without referral to the committee.

In the aggregate the Congress enacted 66 public laws within the jurisdiction of the committee. An additional nine measures were incorporated in related public laws and several other measures were combined together, as discussed herein. In addition, the President pocket vetoed H.R. 999, the American Conservation Corps Act of 1983.

When the Congress adjourned sine-die, within the jurisdiction of the committee some 11 Senate-passed measures were pending before the House and 11 House-passed measures were being held at the Senate desk. Some nine other measures reported by the committee were pending on the Senate Calendar.

The committee also reported favorably 15 nominations, of which 13 were confirmed by the Senate. At the end of the 98th Congress one nomination was pending on the Senate's Executive Calendar and four were pending before the committee.

Energy initiatives

In the energy field, the oversight activities of the full committee emphasized review of world petroleum outlook; energy emergency preparedness, including the strategic petroleum reserve; the Bonneville Power Administration; and alternative funding plan for completing the Clinch River Breeder Reactor Plant Project; and acid precipitation and the use of fossil fuels. In addition, the full committee in conjunction with the Subcommittee on Energy and Mineral Resources held oversight and legislative hearings on oil mergers and their impact on national interests.

The full committee also held oversight hearings on the proposed fiscal year 1984 and 1985 budgets for programs of the Department of Energy within its jurisdiction, including the nuclear waste activities program. The Subcommittee on Energy Conservation and Supply also held hearings on the budgets for energy conservation and the Energy Information Administration. And the Subcommittee on Energy Research and Development held extensive hearings on such Department of Energy programs. The committee recommended a continuation of fiscal year 1984 and 1985 programs at a Current Services level.

The Subcommittee on Energy Regulation held hearings on marketing alternatives for Alaska natural gas. In addition, the Subcommittee on Energy and Mineral Resources held hearings on the status of the strategic petroleum reserve; the condition of the United States' coal industry; and the use of coal as a fuel for railroad locomotives.

The energy legislative activities of the committee emphasized energy emergency preparedness and natural gas, as follows:

Energy Emergency Preparedness: The Congress enacted Public Law 98-239 which amends the Energy Policy and Conservation Act to extend until June 30, 1985, the authority for oil companies to carry out voluntary agreements for implementing the allocation and information provisions of the International Energy Program and the antitrust exemption for oil companies participating in such program.

In addition, because of the continuing concern of Chairman McClure and other members of the committee for the adequacy of U.S. energy emergency preparedness in the event of a severe petro-

leum supply shortage, the committee held legislative hearings on S. 1678, the Energy Emergency Preparedness Act Amendments of 1983, including participation in the International Energy Programs. This measure reflects an understanding reached by Chairman McClure with the administration on the elements of a compromise on the strategic petroleum reserve and energy emergency preparedness. The agreement is reflected in letters of July 19, 1983, from the Director of the Office of Management and Budget and the Secretary of Energy. Markup of this measure by the committee is anticipated early in the second session. This measure was considered by the committee at four business meetings; however, markup was not completed when the 98th Congress adjourned sine-die. By that time a House-passed measure (H.R. 3880), the Strategic Petroleum Reserve Reliability and Improvement Act, was pending before the committee.

Natural Gas: The committee focused its early attention on the Natural Gas Policy Act Amendments of 1983. After 8 days of hearings and 30 business meetings the committee reported a clean bill, S. 1715. As reported, the bill amends the Natural Gas Policy Act of 1978 and related measures, to protect consumers from those price increases that would occur because of market distortions as a consequence of current regulation of natural gas prices, to permit natural gas contracts to reflect free market prices, to provide for a phased deregulation of natural gas prices in order to achieve a free market by a date certain, to eliminate incremental pricing requirements for natural gas, to eliminate certain restrictions on the use of natural gas and petroleum, and for other purposes. This measure was considered by the Senate during the closing days of the first session and returned to the calendar on November 18, 1983.

Renewable Energy Industry Development Act of 1983: Public Law 98-370 amends the Energy Policy and Conservation Act to require the Secretary of Commerce to conduct an evaluation of the domestic renewable energy industry and related service industries and to report his or her findings to Congress. The act requires the Secretary to establish a program, on the basis of such evaluation, for enhancing commerce in renewable energy technologies. The act also provides that the funds required to carry out such program shall be requested for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 1984. The act requires the establishment of an interagency working group which shall make recommendations to coordinate Government actions and programs affecting commerce in renewable energy products and related services.

Natural resources

Oversight activities of the committee encompassed a broad spectrum of issues. Emphasis, however, was on administration of Federal coal programs and the Abandoned Mine Reclamation Fund; various wilderness proposals; and the President's Caribbean Basin Initiative.

In addition the full committee conducted extensive oversight reviews on the Geopolitics of Strategic and Critical Materials. The intent of these hearings was to focus on the African Continent as a major supplier of vital strategic raw materials to the United States

and to other parts of the world that play a significant role as suppliers of strategic raw materials.

The natural resource legislative activities, which are summarized herein, included enactment of—

- Barrow Gas Field Transfer Act (Public Law 98-366);
- Colorado River Basin Salinity Control (Public Law 98-569);
- Federal Land Policy and Management Act Amendments (Public Law 98-300);
- High Plains States Groundwater Demonstration Program Act;
- Hoover Powerplant Act of 1984 (Public Law 98-381);
- National Historic Preservation Act Amendments;
- National park and monument legislation;
- National recreational area and seashore legislation;
- Omnibus territories legislation (Public Law 98-213 and Public Law 98-454);
- Various wilderness proposals, including Arizona, Arkansas, California, Florida, Missouri, Oregon, Utah, Washington, and Wyoming; and
- Wild and Scenic Rivers Act Amendments.

Of particular note during the 98th Congress, as discussed below, were (a) establishment of the "High-Plains" States groundwater demonstration program; (b) extension of the State mining and mineral research institute program; (c) authorization of modification of Federal timber contract payments; and (d) enactment of numerous wilderness bills.

In addition, during the 1st session, the committee reported S. 267, the Coal Distribution and Utilization Act of 1983, with particular emphasis on the application of State water law for the water used in the coal slurry pipelines. (Because similar legislation was defeated in the House of Representatives before Senate consideration of S. 267, it was not considered by the Senate.)

High Plains Groundwater Demonstration Program: Public Law 98-434 directs the Secretary of the Interior, acting through the Bureau of Reclamation, to conduct an investigation of, and establishment of demonstration projects for, groundwater recharge in the States of Colorado, Kansas, Nebraska, New Mexico, Oklahoma, South Dakota, Texas and Wyoming (the High Plains States) as well as in Arizona, California, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, North Dakota, Oregon, Utah and Washington (the other Reclamation Act States).

State Mining and Mineral Research Institute: Public Law 98-409 extends for 5 years the Department of the Interior program of assistance to State colleges and universities with qualified mining and mineral research institutes.

Timber Contract Modification: The Federal Timber Contract Payment Modification Act (Public Law 98-478) authorizes certain purchasers to buy out pre-1982 and specified reformed contracts based on the purchaser's net worth and projected contract losses.

Wilderness Legislation: Of particular note was a Senate-House compromise in May 1984, on the management of national forest lands not designated by Congress as wilderness. This compromise led to enactment of numerous wilderness proposals and the release of certain national forest lands not designated as wilderness. This major step was supported by the administration, commercial forest

users, and wilderness advocates. These wilderness measures included Arizona; Arkansas; California; Florida; Irish Wilderness, Missouri; Lee Metcalf Wilderness, Montana; Oregon; San Juan Basin, Utah; Washington; and Wyoming.

Territorial issues

At the request of the administration the committee reported favorably a resolution approving the Compact of Free Association between the United States and the Republic of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia. In addition, the resolution addressed organization of the Executive Branch to deal with these matters, as discussed subsequently.

The committee also held oversight hearings on the President's Caribbean Basin Initiative.

In addition the Congress enacted two omnibus territories measures (Public Law 98-213 and Public Law 98-454), as discussed herein.

FULL COMMITTEE

JAMES A. McCLURE, *Chairman*

JURISDICTION

Numerous important matters were considered directly by the full committee without initial reference to a subcommittee. During the 98th Congress the jurisdiction of the full committee included oversight and legislative responsibilities for coal severance tax; breeder reactor development; natural gas pricing; petroleum allocation; international energy affairs; ANGTS (Alaska Natural Gas Transportation System) financing; and territorial policy (including changes in status such as statehood or Micronesian Compacts of Free Association and issues affecting Antarctica). In addition to Executive nominations, such matters include issues which (1) require extremely expeditious handling, or (2) substantially overlap two or more subcommittee jurisdictions, or (3) are of exceptional national significance in which all members wish to participate fully.

OVERVIEW

Nominations

During the 98th Congress, 19 nominations were submitted by President Reagan and referred to the committee. Of these, 15 were reported favorably by the full committee, and 13 were confirmed by the Senate. At the end of the 98th Congress one nomination was pending on the Senate's Executive Calendar and four were pending before the committee.

Presidential messages

Thirty-four Presidential messages were transmitted to the committee during the 98th Congress dealing with a variety of subjects within the committee's jurisdiction.

Executive communications

The committee received a total of 453 Executive communications transmitting legislative recommendations and relating to the committee's oversight responsibilities.

Reports and publications

During the 98th Congress the full committee filed 83 Senate reports on measures reported by the committee.

The committee also published hearing records (many in multiple parts) on 110 different subjects. Thirteen of these dealt with Presidential appointees, and the remaining 97 publications provided background material pertinent to the committee's legislative activities and oversight responsibilities.

In addition, the committee published four committee prints dealing with areas of national interest and concern within its jurisdiction.

OVERSIGHT ACTIVITIES

During the 98th Congress, the full Committee on Energy and Natural Resources conducted 26 days of oversight hearings on a variety of issues pertinent to the jurisdiction of the full committee, including:

- Department of Energy budgets for fiscal years 1984 and 1985 (2 days);

- Department of the Interior budgets for fiscal years 1984 and 1985 (2 days);

- Acid Precipitation Act implementations (1 day);

- Alternative funding plan for the Clinch River Breeder Reactor (1 day);

- Bonneville Power Administration's repayment of obligations to the U.S. Treasury (1 day);

- Energy emergency preparedness, including U.S. participation in the International Energy Program (2 days);

- Geopolitics of strategic and critical materials (2 days);

- Native Hawaiian Study Commission (4 days);

- President's Caribbean Basin Initiative (1 day);

- Report of the Commission on Fair Market Value for Federal Coal Leasing (2 days);

- U.S. Forest Service budgets for fiscal years 1984 and 1985 (2 days);

- U.S. Synthetic Fuels Corporation budgets for fiscal years 1984 and 1985 (2 days); and

- World petroleum outlook, 1983 and 1984 (4 days).

These oversight hearings by the full committee reflected the continuing concern of the committee for (a) the impact of necessary budgetary constraints on programs within its jurisdiction; (b) the adequacy of the United States' energy emergency preparedness; (c) the role of the African Continent as a major supplier of strategic raw materials; and (d) territorial issues.

Budgetary oversight: Continuing budget oversight activities begun in the 97th Congress, the full committee conducted a review of the President's proposed budgets for fiscal years 1984 and 1985. In its reports to the Senate Budget Committee, the committee recommended that the programs within its jurisdiction be funded at the aggregate fiscal year 1984 and 1985 Current Services baselines, respectively, with the exception of the General Sciences and Basic Research subfunction where the committee supported the President's proposed increases.

Within the Energy function the committee supported fiscal year 1984 and 1985 Current Services funding for energy conservation (including State and local programs), fossil energy, solar and renewable energy, and departmental administration. The committee also supported efforts of the Secretary of Energy to restructure the breeder and advanced reactor program. In addition, the committee supported filling the strategic petroleum reserve at a rate sufficient to fill all available storage capacity in fiscal year 1985. This

recommendation presumed completion of the Big Hills, Texas storage facility, consistent with the Fiscal Year 1984 Interior Appropriations Act conference report.

Within the Environment and Natural Resources function, the committee supported fiscal year 1984 and 1985 Current Services funding for the Land and Water Conservation Fund (including the State grant program), Historic Preservation, Payment-in-Lieu-of-Taxes, the Park Restoration and Improvement program, and the Urban Parks program. The committee expressed its continuing opposition to the administration's proposal to deduct the costs of royalty management and payment-in-lieu-of-taxes from mineral leasing revenues prior to their disbursement to the States. The committee also opposed changes in substantive law relating to national park entrance fees, transportation fees, or the crediting of recreation fees. In addition, the committee did not support proposals to amend the Land and Water Conservation Fund Act to permit the use of those funds for maintenance and rehabilitation projects.

In the judgment of the committee these recommendations ensured the maintenance on an aggregated basis of sufficient funding in fiscal years 1984 and 1985 to continue energy and natural resource programs consistent with congressional actions on Appropriations Acts.

In two related actions (Public Law 98-63 and Public Law 98-473), the Congress rescinded \$7.2 billion of obligational authority available to the United States Synthetic Fuels Corporation. In addition, Public Law 98-473 the Continuing Appropriations Act for Fiscal Year 1985 directed the Secretary of Energy, pursuant to the Federal Nonnuclear Energy Research and Development Act of 1978, to solicit proposals for projects employing emerging clean coal technologies. That Continuing Appropriations Act also set aside \$750 million rescinded from Energy Security Reserve funds to be placed in the Clean Coal Technology Reserve, solely for conducting activities such as those eligible for consideration under section 321.

Acid precipitation: Continuing oversight activities begun in the 97th Congress on the general issue of acid precipitation and the use of fossil fuel in our Nation's economy, the full committee held an oversight hearing on implementation of the Acid Precipitation Act of 1980. Subsequently a summary of this hearing was prepared by the Congressional Research Service (S. Prt. 98-217); the CRS summary supported an accelerated research program to gather more information before legislating additional regulatory controls on electric powerplants to mitigate acid precipitation.

Oil company mergers: In satisfaction of the spirit of a Senate amendment to House Joint Resolution 492, the full committee in conjunction with the Subcommittee on Energy and Mineral Resources completed hearings on the issue of oil mergers and their impact on our national interests. On June 28, 1984, the chairman transmitted to the Senate a majority staff study and report on oil mergers (S. Prt. 98-206).

MAJOR LEGISLATIVE ACTIVITIES

During the 98th Congress, 40 Senate bills, 3 Senate Resolutions, and 2 Senate Joint Resolutions were referred, for consideration, to

the full committee. In addition, one House bill under the full committee's jurisdiction was handled on the floor of the Senate without committee referral.

During the 98th Congress the full committee held 15 days of legislative hearings on such matters as:

- Bonneville Power Administration (S. 1701) (2 days);
- Coal slurry legislation (S. 267) (1 day);
- Compact of Free Association (S.J. Res. 286) (1 day);
- Energy emergency preparedness legislation (1 day);
- FERC hydroelectric power licensing fees (S. 1132) (1 day);
- Natural gas legislation (8 days); and
- Water Resource Development Act (S. 1739) (1 day).

One measure, H.R. 4194, was enacted into law (Public Law 98-239), extending section 252 of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act.

The full committee reported two other measures which did not receive final Senate approval: S.J. Res. 286, approving the "Compact of Free Association", and S. 1715, Natural Gas Policy Act Amendments of 1983. The Senate also passed S. 1132, amending the Federal Power Act to specify the annual FERC charges for use of Federal dams and other structures, but an objection was heard in the House to final approval of the measure.

In addition, during the first session, the committee reported S. 267, the Coal Distribution and Utilization Act of 1983, with particular emphasis on the application of State water law for the water used in the coal slurry pipelines. (Because similar legislation was defeated in the House of Representatives before Senate consideration of S. 267 it was not considered by the Senate.)

As discussed subsequently, the legislative activities of the full committee emphasized (a) energy emergency preparedness, (b) natural gas, and (c) the President's proposed Compact of Free Association, as follows.

Energy Emergency Preparedness: The Congress enacted Public Law 98-329 which amends the Energy Policy and Conservation Act to extend until June 30, 1985, the authority for oil companies to carry out voluntary agreements for implementing the allocation and information provisions of the International Energy Program and the antitrust exemption for oil companies participating in such program.

In addition, because of the continuing concern of Chairman McClure and other members of the committee for the adequacy of U.S. energy emergency preparedness in the event of a severe petroleum supply shortage, the committee held legislative hearings on S. 1678, the Energy Emergency Preparedness Act Amendments of 1983, including participation in the International Energy Program. This measure reflects an understanding reached by Chairman McClure with the administration on the elements of a compromise on the strategic petroleum reserve and energy emergency preparedness. The agreement is reflected in letters of July 19, 1983, from the Director of the Office of Management and Budget and the Secretary of Energy. This measure was considered by the committee at four business meetings; however, markup was not completed when the 98th Congress adjourned sine-die. By that time a House-

passed measure (H.R. 3880) the Strategic Petroleum Reserve Reliability Improvement Act, was pending before the committee.

Natural Gas: The committee focused its early attention on the Natural Gas Policy Act Amendments of 1983. After 8 days of hearings and 30 business meetings the committee reported a clean bill, S. 1715. As reported the bill amends the Natural Gas Policy Act of 1978, and related measures, to protect consumers from those price increases that would occur because of market distortions as a consequence of current regulation of natural gas prices, to permit natural gas contracts to reflect free market prices, to provide for a phased deregulation of natural gas prices in order to achieve a free market by a date certain, to eliminate incremental pricing requirements for natural gas, to eliminate certain restrictions on the use of natural gas and petroleum, and for other purposes. This measure was considered by the Senate during the closing days of the first session and returned to the calendar on November 18, 1983.

Compact of Free Association. At the request of the administration, Senate Joint Resolution 286 was introduced on May 1, 1984. The resolution would approve the Compact of Free Association between the United States and the Republic of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia. The Compact had previously been approved by the Marshalls and FSM in United Nations observed plebiscites and, if approved by the Congress, would form part of the basis for termination of the United Nations Trusteeship with respect to those governments and would govern relations between the United States and those governments in the post-trusteeship period. The committee conducted hearings on May 24, 1984, on S.J. Res. 286 and reported it favorably to the Senate on September 20, 1984, with amendments to the resolution. The amendments also addressed organization of the Executive Branch to deal with these matters.

MEASURES ENACTED INTO LAW

Public Law 98-239 (H.R. 4194) Mr. Sharp: An act to extend the expiration date of section 252 of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act.

OTHER MEASURES ACTIVELY CONSIDERED

S. Res. 33, Mr. McClure: An original resolution authorizing expenditures by the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources. (Full committee markup.) (Committee on Rules and Administration reported an original resolution S. Res. 76 in lieu of S. Res. 33.)

S. Res. 321, Mr. McClure: An original resolution authorizing expenditures by the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources. (Measure reported to the Senate by Senator McClure without written report and referred to the Committee on Rules.) (Committee on Rules incorporated measure into S. Res. 354, and ordered the measure reported.)

S.J. Res. 286, Mr. McClure: A joint resolution to approve the "Compact of Free Association", and for other purposes. (Hearings held.) (Committee ordered the measure to be favorably reported with amendments and with a preamble. S. Rept. 98-626. Placed on

Senate Legislative Calendar under General Orders. Calendar No. 1212.)

S. 60, Mrs. Kassebaum and Mr. Andrews: A bill to amend the Natural Gas Policy Act of 1978, and for other purposes. (Hearings held. S. Hrg. 98-85, Pt. 2.) (Similar provisions to measure incorporated into S. 1715.)

S. 239, Mr. Jepsen and Mr. Grassley: A bill to clarify the definition of abuse in the Natural Gas Policy Act of 1978. (Hearings held. S. Hrg. 98-85, Pt. 2.) (Similar provisions to measure incorporated into S. 1715.)

S. 267, Mr. Johnston, Mr. Bumpers, Mr. Murkowski, Mr. Bradley, Mr. Stevens, Mrs. Hawkins, Mr. Humphrey, Mr. Nickles, Mr. Goldwater, Mr. Matsunaga, Mr. Wilson, Mr. DeConcini, Mr. Simpson, Mr. Tower, and Mr. Jackson: A bill entitled "The Coal Distribution and Utilization Act of 1983." (Hearings held.) (Reported to the Senate with amendment in the nature of a substitute S. Rept. 98-61.) (Placed on Senate Legislative Calendar under Regular Orders. Calendar No. 97.)

S. 291, Mr. Danforth, Mr. Eagleton, and Mr. Sarbanes: A bill to amend the Natural Gas Policy Act of 1978 to prohibit take-or-pay clauses, and for other purposes. (Hearings held.) (Similar provisions to measure incorporated into S. 1715.)

S. 293, Mr. Eagleton, Mr. Danforth, and Mr. Sarbanes: A bill to amend the Natural Gas Policy Act of 1978 to prohibit increases in the wellhead prices of natural gas, and for other purposes. (Hearings held.) (Similar provisions to measure incorporated into S. 1715.)

S. 370, Mr. Percy and Mr. Dixon: A bill entitled the "Imported Liquified Natural Gas Policy Act of 1983." (Hearings held.) (Similar provisions to measure incorporated into S. 1715.)

S. 615, Mr. McClure (by request): A bill to correct deficiencies in the Natural Gas Policy Act of 1978, to protect natural gas consumers from price increases because of current distortions in the regulated market for natural gas, to provide for a free market for natural gas, to permit natural gas contracts to reflect the change from a regulated to a free market, to eliminate incremental pricing requirements for natural gas, to eliminate certain fuel use restrictions, and for other purposes. (Hearings held.) (Similar provisions to measure incorporated in S. 1715.)

S. 689, Mr. Heinz, Mr. Tsongas, and Mr. D'Amato: A bill entitled the "Natural Gas Policy Act Amendments of 1983." (Hearings held.) (Similar provisions to measure incorporated into S. 1715.)

S. 740, Mr. Sasser: A bill to amend the Natural Gas Policy Act of 1978 to require contracts for the first sale of natural gas to include provisions which recognize changing market conditions, and for other purposes. (Provisions of measure incorporated into S. 1715 as reported.)

S. 823, Mr. Jepsen and Mr. Grassley: A bill to amend the Natural Gas Policy Act of 1978 to clarify the definition of abuse, to restrain natural gas price increases by facilitating price responsiveness during periods when supplies exceed demand, to enhance competitive options for local distribution companies in purchasing the least expensive natural gas available, to repeal the incremental pricing

of natural gas, and for other purposes. (Similar provisions of measure incorporated into S. 1715.)

S. 996, Mrs. Kassebaum, Mr. Danforth, Mr. Eagleton, Mr. Levin, Mr. Andrews, Mr. Metzenbaum, Mr. D'Amato, Mr. Sasser, Mr. Riegle, Mr. Cranston, Mr. Proxmire, Mr. Sarbanes, Mr. Biden, Mr. Tsongas, Mr. Moynihan, Mr. Kennedy, and Mr. Mathias: A bill to amend the Natural Gas Policy Act of 1978 to limit natural gas prices and to improve natural gas pricing and marketing practices, and for other purposes. (Similar provisions of measure incorporated into S. 1715.)

S. 1017, Mr. Bradley: A bill entitled the "Natural Gas Competition Act of 1983." (Similar provisions of measure incorporated into S. 1715.)

S. 1049, Mr. Hart: A bill to provide relief from natural gas price increases caused by certain contract provisions that are incompatible with current market conditions. (Similar provisions of measure incorporated into S. 1715.)

S. 1119, Mr. Dixon and Mr. Percy: A bill to amend the Natural Gas Policy Act of 1978 to establish natural gas pipelines as common carriers, and for other purposes. (Similar provisions of measure incorporated into S. 1715.)

S. 1132, Mr. McClure, Mr. Jackson, Mr. Murkowski, Mr. Symms, Mr. Wallop, Mr. Simpson, Mr. Gorton, Mr. Ford, and Mr. Hecht: An Act to amend the Federal Power Act to specify the annual charges for projects with licenses issued by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission for the use of Federal dams and other structures. (March 30, 1984, passed Senate amended. October 1, 1984, passed House amended. October 10, 1984, Senate concurred in House amendment with amendment. October 11, 1984, unanimous consent request to agree with amendment to Senate amendment to House amendment rejected in House.)

S. 1408, Mr. Melcher: A bill to cover deficiencies in the Natural Gas Policy Act of 1978, to protect natural gas consumers from price increases because of current distortions in the regulated market for natural gas, to provide for a free market for natural gas, to permit natural gas contracts to reflect the change from a regulated to a free market, to eliminate incremental pricing requirements for natural gas, to eliminate certain fuel use restrictions, and for other purposes. (Similar provisions of measure incorporated into S. 1715.)

S. 1678, Mr. McClure: A bill to amend the Energy Policy and Conservation Act to strengthen our Nation's energy emergency preparedness consistent with the policy set forth in section 271 of said Act, and for other purposes. (Hearings held. S. Hrg. 98-606.) (Measure considered at four committee business meetings.)

S. 1701, Mr. McClure, Mr. Jackson, Mr. Baucus, Mr. Gorton, Mr. Symms, and Mr. Wallop: A bill to impose specific directions on the Bonneville Power Administration. (Hearings held. S. Hrg. 98-595.)

S. 1715, Mr. McClure: An original bill to amend the Natural Gas Policy Act of 1978, to protect consumers from those price increases that would occur because of market distortions as a consequence of current regulation of natural gas prices, to permit natural gas contracts to reflect free market prices, to provide for a phased deregulation of natural gas prices in order to achieve a free market by a date certain, to eliminate incremental pricing requirements for

natural gas, to eliminate certain restrictions on the use of natural gas and petroleum, and for other purposes. (Hearings held.) (Full committee markup, S. Rept. 98-205 without recommendation.) (Placed on Senate legislative calendar under General Orders. Calendar No. 330.) (November 1, 1983, the measure was brought before the Senate. Two cloture petitions were brought against the motion to proceed. The motion to proceed was finally agreed to. Various amendments were filed to the bill. November 18, 1983, the measure was returned to the Senate Calendar.)

S. 1739, Mr. Abdnor: A bill to authorize the United States Army Corps of Engineers to construct various projects for improvements to rivers and harbors of the United States, and for other purposes. (Referred to Committee on Environment and Public Works, Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, and Committee on Finance.) (Energy Committee ordered bill reported with amendments. S. Rept. 98-418. Additional views filed.) (Placed on Senate Legislative Calendar under General Orders. Calendar No. 811.)

S. 1973, Mr. Bumpers and Mr. Humphrey: A bill entitled "Clinch River Breeder Reactor Project Determination Act of 1983". (Placed on Committee agenda.)

S. 1982, Mr. McClure: A bill to extend the expiration date of section 252 of the Energy and Conservation Act. (Full committee markup, no written report.) (Placed on Senate Legislative Calendar under General Orders. Calendar No. 549. Measure indefinitely postponed by Senate by voice vote.) (See companion measure, Public Law 98-239 (H.R. 4194).)

S. 2557, Mr. Murkowski and Mr. Stevens: A bill to repeal the requirement for biennial reports under the Alaska Federal-Civil Energy Efficiency Swap Act of 1980. (Placed on committee agenda.)

H.R. 3880, Mr. Sharp, Mr. Sikorski, and Mr. Hall of Texas: An Act to amend the Energy Policy and Conservation Act with respect to the strategic petroleum reserve by requiring testing of draw-down and distribution of the reserve.

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ENERGY CONSERVATION AND SUPPLY

LOWELL P. WEICKER, JR., Connecticut, *Chairman*

MARK O. HATFIELD, Oregon
JOHN H. CHAFEE, Rhode Island
JOHN W. WARNER, Virginia
JOHN HEINZ, Pennsylvania

SPARK M. MATSUNAGA, Hawaii
HOWARD M. METZENBAUM, Ohio
PAUL E. TSONGAS, Massachusetts
BILL BRADLEY, New Jersey

JURISDICTION

During the 98th Congress the jurisdiction of the Subcommittee on Energy Conservation and Supply included oversight and legislative responsibilities for Federal energy conservation programs; energy information; commercialization of new technologies (e.g., wind, solar, ocean thermal energy conversion); deep water ports; liquefied natural gas projects; low head hydro; OCS leasing; deep seabed mining; and territorial affairs.

OVERSIGHT ACTIVITIES

During the 98th Congress the Subcommittee on Energy Conservation and Supply held 4 days of oversight hearings on:

Department of Energy fiscal years 1984 and 1985 energy conservation programs (1 day);

The Energy Information Administration programs (1 day);

Outer Continental Shelf leasing activities (1 day); and

Revised Constitution for American Samoa (1 day).

Initial emphasis of the subcommittee was devoted to budget oversight of programs within its jurisdiction. As noted earlier, the full committee recommendation with respect to the Energy function for fiscal years 1984 and 1985 was the CBO Current Services baseline. However, specific support was provided for the low-income energy assistance program, the DOE low-income weatherization program, and the DOE schools and hospital program. Specific mention was made of support of the fiscal year 1985 CBO Current Services baseline for these three programs despite pending legislation (S. 2370) to fund these three programs from a special account in the Treasury using the proceeds of oil pricing and allocation violations under the Emergency Petroleum Allocation Act of 1983.

LEGISLATIVE ACTIVITIES

During the 98th Congress, 12 Senate bills, and four House bills were referred to the Subcommittee on Energy Conservation and Supply. The subcommittee held 5 days of hearings on legislation related to:

Enhancing export commerce in renewable energy technologies;

The distribution to States of petroleum overcharge monies; and

Territorial affairs.

The subcommittee devoted particular attention to the DOE low-income weatherization program. In a related action the Senate adopted as title IV of the Human Services Reauthorization Act (S. 2565, Public Law 98-558) amendments to the DOE Weatherization Assistance Program. This action was taken following oversight hearings by the subcommittee which indicated continued broad support for the program, although there was need for increased State and local flexibility in program administration. The Weatherization Program Administration Reform Act of 1984 contains several provisions to enhance such flexibility and program effectiveness without additional costs.

The Congress also completed action on the Renewable Energy Industry Development Act of 1983 (Public Law 98-370). The act amends the Energy Policy and Conservation Act to require the Secretary of Commerce to conduct an evaluation of the domestic renewable energy industry and related service industries and to report his or her findings to Congress. The act requires the Secretary to establish a program, on the basis of such evaluation, for enhancing export commerce in renewable energy technologies. The act also provides that the funds required to carry out such program shall be requested for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 1984. The act requires the establishment of an interagency working group chaired by the Secretary of Energy which shall make recommendations to coordinate Government actions and programs affecting commerce in renewable energy products and related services.

In addition, the committee reported and the Senate passed, the DOE Energy Conservation Service Reform bill (H.R. 5946). The Senate substitute froze the two affected programs—the Residential Conservation Service and Commercial and Apartment Conservation Service—for a year, so that the Senate would have time to review these programs before deciding how to amend them. However, final Senate-House resolution of this measure was not possible before adjournment sine-die.

Territorial affairs

In the area of territorial affairs, the subcommittee held hearings on S. 589, a bill to provide authorization of funds to cover capital improvements in the Territory of Guam. As eventually enacted Public Law 98-213, authorizes \$15,500,000 for capital improvements projects on Guam, and for other purposes. Among many things the act extends until January 1, 1984, the limited tax exemption for taxable entities in the Commonwealth of the Northern Marianas for the program of power and water generation and distribution improvement in the Virgin Islands; permits the Virgin Islands to use rebated rum excise tax collections for emergency relief purposes and essential public projects; and repeals certain laws relating to the territories and possessions of the United States.

Economic Development of Guam, the Virgin Islands, American Samoa, and the Northern Marianas: Public Law 98-454 is an act to enhance the economic development of Guam, the Virgin Islands, American Samoa, the Northern Mariana Islands, and for other

purposes. Title I of the act permits use of up to \$2 million in technical assistance to territories for private sector development in fiscal years 1985, 1986, and 1987 with annual reports to Congress.

Under title II, the act permits the Virgin Islands and American Samoa to issue tax exempt industrial development bonds; authorizes refinancing of the Guam Power Authority's Federal loan; provides the Governors of the territories the same authority to allocate mortgage bonds as the Governors of the States have.

Title III of the act modifies limitations of vessel documentation laws as they affect the territories.

Title IV of the act provides funds to Guam, the Northern Marianas, and the Virgin Islands for capital improvements and authorizes a housing study in Samoa.

In title V, the act conveys two parcels of land to the Virgin Islands, eliminates the requirement to rehabilitate generators in Samoa, and provides for Guam to recover development costs on land transferred to it in Apra harbor.

Title VI of the act provides for uniform treatment of the territories under various Federal statutes including eligibility under the Energy Policy and Conservation Act and National Energy Extension Service Act, provides a limited visa waiver for Guam, and clarifies the inclusion of certain persons under section 30 of the Organic Act of Guam.

Title VII of the act reforms the Federal-territorial court system in the Virgin Islands to mirror the normal Federal-State court relations.

Under title VIII the act reforms the Federal-territorial court system in Guam to mirror the normal Federal-State court relations.

Title IX includes minor reform of the Federal-territorial court system in the Northern Marianas to mirror changes in Guam and the Virgin Islands.

And, title X of the act provides for senior judge status and the appeal of an adverse decision by the attorney general of a territory.

MEASURES ENACTED INTO LAW

Public Law 98-213 (S. 589), Mr. McClure (by request): An act to amend section 1(a)(1) of Public Law 95-348 (92 Stat. 487) to authorize the appropriation of \$15,500,000 for capital improvement projects on Guam for fiscal year 1984.

Public Law 98-370 (H.R. 3169) Mr. Wyden and Mr. Heftel: An act to amend the Energy Policy and Conservation Act to facilitate commerce by the domestic renewable energy industry and related service industries.

Public Law 98-454 (H.R. 5561) Mr. Won Pat, Mr. Lagomarsino, Mr. de Lugo, and Mr. Sunia: An act to enhance the economic development of Guam, the Virgin Islands, American Samoa, the Northern Mariana Islands, and for other purposes.

Related public law

Public Law 98-558 (S. 2565), title IV, the Weatherization Program Administration Reform Act of 1985.

OTHER MEASURES ACTIVELY CONSIDERED

S. 1366, Mr. Weicker: A bill to implement the recommendations of the Interim Report of the Northern Mariana Islands Commission on Federal Laws and to amend the Revised Organic Act of the Virgin Islands and the Organic Act of Guam, and for other purposes. (Hearings held.) (See S. 589, Public Law 98-213.)

S. 1367, Mr. Weicker: A bill to repeal certain provisions of law relating to the territories and insular possessions of the United States. (Hearings held.) (See S. 589, Public Law 98-213.)

S. 2370, Mr. McClure: A bill to provide for distribution to the States of certain amounts resulting from enforcement of the Emergency Petroleum Allocation Act of 1973, and for other purposes. (Hearings held.)

H.R. 5946, Mr. Hall of Texas, Mr. Ottinger, and Mr. Dingell: An act to reform the Residential Conservation Service and to repeal the Commercial and Apartment Conservation Service. (Committee on Energy and Natural Resources reported measure to Senate with an amendment in the nature of a substitute. Written report 98-625.) (October 3, 1984, measure passed Senate amended. October 3, 1984, House concurred in Senate amendments with amendment. October 5, 1984, Senate concurred in House amendment to Senate amendment with an amendment.)

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ENERGY AND MINERAL RESOURCES

JOHN W. WARNER, Virginia, *Chairman*

JOHN HEINZ, Pennsylvania
MALCOLM WALLOP, Wyoming
FRANK H. MURKOWSKI, Alaska
CHIC HECHT, Nevada

JOHN MELCHER, Montana
DALE BUMPERS, Arkansas
SPARK M. MATSUNAGA, Hawaii
BILL BRADLEY, New Jersey

JURISDICTION

The jurisdiction of the Subcommittee on Energy and Mineral Resources included oversight and legislative responsibilities for energy and nonfuel mineral resources; Federal mineral leasing; mining policy and general mining laws; surface mining; petroleum reserves; strategic petroleum reserves; coal production, distribution, and utilization; oil and gas production and distribution; mining education and research; mineral extraction from public lands; and mining claims and mineral conservation.

OVERSIGHT ACTIVITIES

During the 98th Congress, the Subcommittee on Energy and Mineral Resources held 11 days of oversight hearings on:

- Condition of the United States coal industry, including enhanced coal technology (2 days);
- Abandoned Mined Land Fund (1 day);
- Implementation in Appalachia of the Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act of 1977 (1 day);
- Reintroduction of coal as fuel for railroad locomotives (3 days);
- Recovery of oil by mining (1 day);
- Geothermal power development in the Great Basin (1 day);
- and
- Status of the strategic petroleum reserve (2 days).

In addition, the full committee held oversight hearings on several matters within the subcommittee's jurisdiction which were of sufficient national interest to justify its consideration. These matters included (a) acid precipitation and the use of fossil fuels; (b) coal slurry; (c) the geopolitics of strategic and critical materials (3 days); and (d) the Department of the Interior coal leasing program, including the Report of the Commission on Fair Market Value Policy for Federal Coal Leasing (3 days).

LEGISLATIVE ACTIVITIES

During the 98th Congress 16 Senate bills, two Senate resolutions, and four House bills were either referred to the subcommittee or handled on the floor of the Senate without committee referral. Three of these measures were enacted into law.

During the 98th Congress the subcommittee held 6 days of legislative hearings. In addition to the three measures enacted into law, legislative hearings were held on:

Oil merger impact legislation (S. 2362);

Amendments to the Federal Coal Leasing Act (S. 1634); and

Amendments to the Geothermal Steam Act (S. 883 and S. 558).

The Senate also passed S. 2157, a bill to clarify the treatment of mineral materials on public lands; however, final congressional action was not completed before adjournment sine-die.

State Mining and Mineral Resources Research Institute Program: Of particular note was enactment of an extension of the State mining and mineral resources research institute program. Public Law 98-409 authorizes appropriations to the Secretary of the Interior for fiscal years 1985 through 1989 to assist States in carrying on the work of a competent and qualified mining and mineral resources research institute at one public college or university (or private college or university if a State does not have an eligible public college or university) in the State meeting eligibility requirements. The act requires that each institute plan and conduct research, investigations, demonstrations, and experiments. The act authorizes appropriations to the Secretary for fiscal years 1985 through 1989 which shall be made available to institutes to meet the necessary expenses. Provisions in the act also direct the Secretary to prescribe necessary rules and regulations; report to Congress annually concerning the receipts, expenditures, and work of the institutes in all States under the provisions of this act; direct the Secretary to assure that programs authorized by this act are not redundant with respect to established mining and minerals research programs; authorizes appropriations necessary to print and publish the results of activities carried out by institutes under this act and for administrative planning and direction; directs the President to clarify agency responsibility for Federal mining and mineral resources research and provide interagency coordination of such research; directs the Secretary to appoint a Committee on Mining and Mineral Resources Research to consult with and make recommendations to the Secretary on all matters relating to mining and mineral resources research as required by this act.

Federal Lands in Corpus Christi, Texas: Public Law 98-529 permits the leasing of acquired lands which are incorporated into and are a part of the city of Corpus Christi, Texas, or the city of Port Hueneme, California, for oil or gas exploration and extraction.

Continental Scientific Drilling Program: In addition, the Congress enacted, as section 323 of the Continuing Appropriation Act for Fiscal Year 1985, provisions similar to S. Res. 439. That section expresses the sense of the Congress that the Continental Scientific Drilling Program is an important national scientific endeavor, benefiting the commerce of the Nation, which should be vigorously pursued by Government and the private sector.

MEASURES ENACTED INTO LAW

Public Law 98-409 (H.R. 4214) Mr. McNulty et al.: An act to establish a State Mining and Mineral Resources Research Institute program, and for other purposes.

Public Law 98-452 (S. 1770) Mr. Garn and Mr. Hatch: An act to extend the lease terms of Federal oil and gas lease numbered U-39711.

Public Law 98-529 (H.R. 5787), Mr. Ortiz and Mrs. Fielder: An act to remove an impediment to oil and gas leasing of certain Federal lands in Corpus Christi, Texas, and Port Hueneme, California, and for other purposes.

Related public laws

Public Law 98-473 (H.J. Res. 648), Continuing Appropriations Act for the Fiscal Year 1985, section 323 which incorporates similar provisions to S. Res. 439 which establishes as the sense of the Congress that the Continental Scientific Drilling Program is an important national scientific endeavor, benefitting the commerce of the Nation, which should be vigorously pursued by Government and the private sector.

OTHER MEASURES ACTIVELY CONSIDERED

S. Res. 84, Mr. Jackson, Mr. McClure, Mr. Johnston, Mr. Bradley, Mr. Warner, and Mr. Matsunaga: A resolution relating to the strategic petroleum reserve. (Placed on committee agenda.)

S. Res. 439, Mr. Pressler, Mr. Durenberger, Mr. Hatch, Mr. Bingaman, Mr. Chafee, Mr. Percy, Mr. Domenici, and Mr. Tsongas: A resolution to express the sense of the Senate that the Continental Scientific Drilling Program is an important national scientific endeavor, benefitting the commerce of the Nation, which should be vigorously pursued by Government and the private sector. (See Public Law 98-473 (H.J. Res. 648), making continuing appropriations for fiscal year 1985.)

S. 558, Mr. Jackson: A bill to amend the Geothermal Steam Act of 1970 (30 U.S.C. 1001 et seq.) to expedite exploration and development of geothermal resources. (Hearings held. S. Hrg. 98-392.)

S. 883, Mr. McClure, Mr. Warner, Mr. Laxalt, Mr. Hecht, Mr. Wallop, and Mr. Garn: A bill to amend the Geothermal Steam Act of 1970 (30 U.S.C. 1001 et seq.) to expedite exploration and development of geothermal resources. (Hearings held. S. Hrg. 98-392.)

S. 1634, Mr. Wallop, Mr. Bingaman, Mr. Domenici, Mr. Hecht, Mr. Murkowski, Mr. Nickles, Mr. Simpson, Mr. Hatch, Mr. Garn, and Mr. Boren: A bill to amend the Mineral Lands Leasing Act of 1920 and for other purposes. (Hearings held. S. Hrg. 98-659.)

S. 1995, Mr. Johnston: A bill to provide for the conveyance of certain mineral interests of the United States in property in Louisiana to the record owners of the surface of that property. (Placed on committee agenda.)

S. 2157, Mr. Garn and Mr. Hatch: A bill to clarify the treatment of mineral materials on public lands. (Committee ordered bill reported with an amendment in the nature of a substitute. S. Rept. 98-541.) (Placed on Senate Legislative Calendar under General

Orders. Calendar No. 1038.) (Passed Senate with an amendment by voice vote.)

S. 2186, Mr. Warner et al.: A bill to establish a State Mining and Mineral Resources Research Institute program, and for other purposes. (Committee ordered favorably reported H.R. 4214 in lieu of S. 2186. See Public Law 98-409.)

S. 2362, Mr. Johnston: A bill to amend the Mineral Lands Leasing Act of 1920, and for other purposes. (Hearings held.)

H.R. 3618, Mr. Marriott: An act to extend the lease terms of Federal Oil and Gas Lease U-39711. (See Public Law 98-452.)

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ENERGY REGULATION

FRANK H. MURKOWSKI, Alaska, *Chairman*

LOWELL P. WEICKER, Jr.,
Connecticut

DON NICKLES, Oklahoma

PETE V. DOMENICI, New Mexico

JOHN H. CHAFEE, Rhode Island

HOWARD M. METZENBAUM, Ohio

WENDELL H. FORD, Kentucky

JOHN MELCHER, Montana

BILL BRADLEY, New Jersey

JURISDICTION

The jurisdiction of the Subcommittee on Energy Regulation included oversight and legislative responsibilities for nuclear insurance and facilities siting; pipelines; coal conversion; regulatory functions of Economic Regulatory Administration (except emergency petroleum allocation); FERC (Federal Energy Regulatory Commission); Intergovernmental Relations; refinery policy; PIFUA (Powerplant and Industrial Fuel Use Act) and ESECA (Energy Supply and Environmental Coordination Act) amendments; crude oil and petroleum product pricing; and gasoline rationing.

OVERSIGHT AND LEGISLATIVE ACTIVITIES

During the 98th Congress, the Subcommittee on Energy Regulation held oversight hearings on:

Marketing alternatives for Alaskan natural gas (1 day); and
North American Natural Gas reserves and Resources (1 day).

During the 98th Congress, 10 Senate bills, one Senate joint resolution, and one House bill were referred to the subcommittee.

The subcommittee held 3 days of hearings on legislation relating to the jurisdiction of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission to include construction work in progress (CWIP) in the rates charged for electricity sales for resale in interstate commerce by investor-owned public utilities.

In a related action, the full committee reported legislation (S. 1132) to amend the Federal Power Act to specify the annual charge for projects with licenses issued by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission for the use of Bureau of Reclamation and Corps of Engineers dams. However, the measure did not receive final congressional approval before adjournment sine-die.

In addition, as noted earlier, the full committee devoted major attention to natural gas and coal utilization issues within the purview of the subcommittee, during Senate consideration of S. 1715, an original bill to amend the Natural Gas Policy Act of 1978, to protect consumers from those price increases that would occur because of market distortions as a consequence of current regulation of natural gas prices, to permit natural gas contracts to reflect free market prices, to provide for a phased deregulation of natural gas

prices in order to achieve a free market by a date certain, to eliminate incremental pricing requirements for natural gas, to eliminate certain restrictions on the use of natural gas and petroleum, and for other purposes.

MEASURES ACTIVELY CONSIDERED

S. 512, Mr. Nickles, Mr. Boren, Mr. Armstrong, and Mr. Cochran: A bill to repeal the Powerplant and Industrial Fuel Use Act of 1978. (Similar provision incorporated into S. 1715 as reported by the full committee.)

S. 817, Mr. Metzenbaum: A bill to amend section 205 of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 824D) relating to inclusion of construction work in progress in the wholesale rate base of public utilities. (Hearings held.)

S. 1069, Mr. Chafee, Mr. Stafford, Mr. Pell, Mr. Biden, Mr. Humphrey, Mr. Danforth, Mr. Sarbanes, Mr. Levin, Mrs. Kassebaum, Mr. Baucus, Mr. Hart, Mr. Proxmire, Mr. Durenberger, and Mr. Mathias: A bill to amend the Federal Power Act to limit the recovery by public utilities of certain costs of construction work in progress through rate increases. (Hearings held.)

H.R. 555, Mr. Harkin et al.: An act to amend the Federal Power Act to limit the recovery by public utilities of certain costs of construction work in progress through rate increases. (Hearings held.)

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ENERGY RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

PETE V. DOMENICI, New Mexico, *Chairman*

JOHN W. WARNER, Virginia

JOHN HEINZ, Pennsylvania

LOWELL P. WEICKER, JR.,
Connecticut

DON NICKLES, Oklahoma

DANIEL J. EVANS, Washington

WENDELL H. FORD, Kentucky

DALE BUMPERS, Arkansas

PAUL E. TSONGAS, Massachusetts

CARL LEVIN, Michigan

JURISDICTION

The jurisdiction of the Subcommittee on Energy Research and Development included oversight and legislative responsibilities for nuclear R&D; coal and synfuels R&D, except nonnuclear commercialization projects; nuclear fuel cycle policy, including uranium resources; Synthetic Fuels Corporation; and new technologies R&D (e.g. solar, OTEC, and MHD).

OVERSIGHT ACTIVITIES

During the 98th Congress the Subcommittee on Energy Research and Development held 13 days of oversight hearings on:

The proposed fiscal year 1984 budget for Department of Energy research and development programs, (6 days);

The proposed fiscal year 1985 budget for Department of Energy research and development programs (6 days);

The May 1984 DOE/EIA comprehensive review of the status of the United States domestic uranium mining and milling industry (1 day).

Throughout the 98th Congress the subcommittee conducted oversight hearings on proposed fiscal years 1984 and 1985 budgets for the Department of Energy research and development programs and uranium enrichment. The full committee supported the fiscal years 1984 and 1985 CBO Current Services baseline, respectively, for the Energy function, as well as the President's proposed increases over the fiscal year 1985 CBO Current Services baseline for Basic Energy Science and Research.

In addition, it was the judgment of the full committee, in the context of fiscal year 1985 that (a) the Department of Energy should continue its efforts to redirect the breeder base program; (b) the Department should give serious consideration to the metal fuel cycle for the breeder; and (c) a cost/benefit analysis should be performed to determine if adding a steam cycle to the Fast Flux Test Facility would be a cost effective way to lower annual operating costs at Hanford.

LEGISLATIVE ACTIVITIES

During the 98th Congress, nine Senate bills and one House bill were referred to the subcommittee. The subcommittee held 2 days of legislative hearings on coal science, technology, and development (including MHD) legislation (S. 1278 and S.1925). In a related action the Congress, in the Continuing Appropriations Act, Fiscal Year 1985 (Public Law 98-473, sec. 320), directed the Secretary of Energy, pursuant to the Federal Nonnuclear Energy Research and Development Act of 1978, to solicit proposals for projects employing emerging clean coal technologies. That Continuing Appropriations Act also set aside \$750 million rescinded from Energy Security Reserve funds to be placed in the Clean Coal Technology Reserve, solely for conducting activities such as those eligible for consideration under section 321. In two related actions (Public Law 98-63 and 98-473), the Congress rescinded \$7.2 billion of obligational authority available to the U.S. Synthetic Fuels Corporation.

In addition, the subcommittee held a hearing on the Nuclear Regulatory Commission Authorizations Act for Fiscal Years 1984 and 1985 (S. 2846). The measure was sequentially referred to the committee for the purpose of consideration of section 201, amending the Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982. This measure was subsequently enacted as Public Law 98-553 (S. 1291).

MEASURES ENACTED INTO LAW

Public Law 98-553 (S. 1291) (section 201, amending the Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982), Mr. Simpson: An Act to authorize appropriations to the Nuclear Regulatory Commission in accordance with section 261 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, and section 305 of the Energy Reorganization Act of 1974.

Related public laws

Public Law 98-473 (section 321, regarding clean coal technologies), Mr. Whitten: An act making continuing appropriations for the fiscal year 1985, and for other purposes.

OTHER MEASURES ACTIVELY CONSIDERED

S. 1278, Mr. Melcher, Mr. Tsongas, Mr. Stennis, Mr. Cochran, Mr. Kennedy, Mr. Glenn, and Mr. Baucus: A bill to provide for an accelerated program of research, development and demonstration with respect to the production of electricity from magnetohydrodynamics, leading to the construction and operation of at least one major proof of concept demonstration project in connection with an existing electric powerplant, and for other purposes. (Hearings held.)

S. 1925, Mr. Byrd, Mr. Ford, Mr. Heflin, Mr. Huddleston, Mr. Percy, Mr. Johnston, Mr. Randolph, Mr. Heinz, Mr. Baucus, Mr. Dixon, Mr. Sasser, and Mr. Warner: A bill to establish a National Coal Science, Technology, and Engineering Development Program. (Hearings held. See Public Law 98-473.)

S. 2846 (section 201), Mr. Simpson: A bill to authorize appropriations to the Nuclear Regulatory Commission in accordance with section 261 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, and section 305 of

the Energy Reorganization Act of 1974. (Committee ordered measure reported with an amendment favorably. Written report 98-579. Placed on Senate Legislative Calendar under General Orders. Calendar Number 1101.) (See Public Law 98-553.)

H.R. 2587, Mr. Fuqua: Department of Energy Civilian Research and Development Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1984.

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PUBLIC LANDS AND RESERVED WATER

MALCOLM WALLOP, Wyoming, *Chairman*

MARK O. HATFIELD, Oregon
CHIC HECHT, Nevada
JOHN H. CHAFEE, Rhode Island
PETE V. DOMENICI, New Mexico
DANIEL J. EVANS, Washington

DALE BUMPERS, Arkansas
SPARK M. MATSUNAGA, Hawaii
JOHN MELCHER, Montana
CARL LEVIN, Michigan

JURISDICTION

The jurisdiction of the Subcommittee on Public Lands and Reserved Water included oversight and legislative responsibilities for BLM lands (timber, range wildlife, and recreation management); national forests lands; parks; wilderness; wild and scenic rivers; Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act; reserved water rights; MX missile land withdrawal; national recreation areas; national monuments; historic sites; military parks and battlefields; National Trail System; Land and Water Conservation Fund; creation of wildlife refuges on public lands; historic preservation; renewable resources; and, on the public domain, preservation of prehistoric ruins and objects of interest.

OVERSIGHT ACTIVITIES (INCLUDING WORKSHOPS)

During the 98th Congress, the Subcommittee on Public Lands and Reserved Water held 11 days of oversight hearings on:

Idaho, Montana, and Oregon wilderness issues (7 days);

BLM acquisition of lands and grazing permits or licenses (1 day);

Federal and non-Federal land management within the Columbia River Gorge, Oregon and Washington (1 day); and

Federal land management problems in Northern Nevada (1 day).

In addition, the subcommittee held 2 days of workshops on Federal rangelands and Indian reserved water rights.

LEGISLATIVE ACTIVITIES

During the 98th Congress, 136 Senate bills, one Senate Resolution, five Senate Joint Resolutions, and 36 House bills were referred to the subcommittee. An additional nine House bills were held at the Senate desk without Committee referral.

The subcommittee conducted 36 days of legislative hearings on such matters as—

American Conservation Corps Act of 1983;

Barrow Gas Field Transfer Act;

Emergency Wetlands Resources Act of 1983;

Federal Land Policy and Management Act Amendments;

National historic site legislation;
 National park and monument legislation;
 National Outdoor Recreation Review Act;
 National recreation area and seashore legislation;
 Various Federal land withdrawal proposals;
 Various wilderness proposals, including California, Florida,
 Arkansas, Arizona, Oregon, Idaho, Utah, Colorado, Montana,
 Washington, and Wyoming;
 Wild and Scenic Rivers Act Amendments; and
 Wild free-roaming horses and burros legislation.

The 98th Congress enacted 53 public laws within the jurisdiction of the subcommittee. The veto of one measure (H.R. 1062, Public Law 98-137) was overridden by the Congress. In addition, the President vetoed H.R. 999, the American Conservation Corps Act of 1983.

Seven other measures (S.J. Res. 277, S. 612, S. 626, S. 886, S. 1090, S. 1647, and S. 1859) referred to the subcommittee and reported favorably by the full committee had passed the Senate and were pending before the House when the 98th Congress adjourned sine die. An additional seven measures (S. 49, S. 457, S. 482, S. 724, S. 862, S. 1329 and S. 2457) were pending on the Senate Calendar.

A brief summary of these public laws follows:

American Falls, Idaho: Public Law 98-61 directs the Secretary of the Interior to convey, by quitclaim deed, all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to certain lands that were withdrawn or acquired for the purpose of relocating a portion of the city of American Falls out of the area flooded by the American Falls Reservoir.

Arizona Wilderness: Public Law 98-406 designates 30 units of land in Arizona as components of the National Wilderness Preservation System. The act requires the Secretary of Agriculture to review and report to specified congressional committees on the Department of Agriculture policies, practices, and regulations regarding livestock grazing in national forest wilderness areas in Arizona. The act states that the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act is amended to designate a portion of the Verde Adds to the Chiricuhua National Monument, in Arizona, the Bonita Creek Watershed in the Coronado National Forest. Title II of the act designates specified lands in the Graham and Pinal Counties in Arizona as the Aravaipa Canyon Wilderness. Title III designates nine units of land as components of the National Wilderness Preservation System. It releases from management as wilderness areas those lands in the Arizona Strip District of the Bureau of Land Management in Arizona and those portions of the Starvation Point Wilderness Study Area and of the Paria Canyon Instant Study Area plus contiguous units in the Cedar City District of the Bureau of Land Management in Utah which are not designated as wilderness by this Act. Finally title IV of the act states that if any provision of this act is held invalid the rest of the Act shall not thereby be affected.

Arkansas Wilderness Act: Public Law 98-508 is the Arkansas Wilderness Act of 1984. The act designates the following lands in Arkansas as components of the National Wilderness Preservation System: (1) the Black Fork Mountain Wilderness in the Ouachita National Forest; (2) the Dry Creek Wilderness in the Ouachita Na-

tional Forest; (3) the Poteau Mountain Wilderness in the Ouachita National Forest; (4) the Flatside Wilderness in the Ouachita National Forest; (5) the Upper Buffalo Addition in the Ozark-Saint Francis National Forest; (6) the Hurricane Creek Wilderness in the Ozark-Saint Francis National Forest; (7) the Richland Creek Wilderness in the Ozark-Saint Francis National Forest; (8) the East Fork Wilderness in the Ozark-Saint Francis National Forest; and (9) the Leatherwood Wilderness in the Ozark-Saint Francis National Forest. The act also prohibits the Department of Agriculture from conducting any further statewide roadless area review and evaluation of national forest system lands in Arkansas without express congressional authorization. The act also applies these provisions to National Forest System roadless lands in Arkansas which are less than 5,000 acres. In addition, the Act states that Congress does not intend that designation of wilderness area in Arkansas lead to the creation of buffer zones around each wilderness area.

Art Barn Association, DC: Public Law 98-504 authorizes the Secretary of the Interior to enter into contracts or cooperative agreements with the Art Barn Association, or a successor organization, to assist in the preservation and interpretation of the Art Barn, located in Rock Creek Park in the District of Columbia.

Barrow Gas Field Transfer Act: Public Law 98-366 is the Barrow Gas Field Transfer Act of 1984. The act directs the Secretary of the Interior to convey to the North Slope Borough, Alaska, the subsurface estate held by the United States to the Barrow gas fields and the Walakpa gas discovery site, related support facilities, other lands, interests, and funds in accordance with the terms and conditions of the agreement between the Secretary of the Interior and the North Slope Borough dated September 22, 1983. The act requires the provisions of the National Environmental Policy Act to apply to 320 acres of land selected by and conveyed to the North Slope Borough pursuant to the NSB Agreement. The act further provides that, notwithstanding any provision of the NSB Agreement, the right of the North Slope Borough to exploit gas and entrained liquid hydrocarbons from Federal test wells in the National Petroleum Reserve—Alaska shall not apply to test wells in areas designated by the Congress or the Secretary under the Naval Petroleum Reserves Production Act of 1976 for the protection of surface values as depicted on a specified map. The act also amends the Naval Petroleum Reserves Production Act of 1976 to authorize the Secretary to grant such rights-of-way to the North Slope Borough as may be necessary to permit the North Slope Borough to provide energy supplies to villages on the North Slope. Public Law 98-366 also provides for the conveyance to the Ukpéagvik Inupiat Corporation of the rights, title, and interest to the sand and gravel in the Barrow gas fields and Walakpa gas discovery site.

Big Thicket National Preserve: Public Law 98-489 authorizes the Secretary of the Interior to acquire approximately 15 acres of land outside the boundaries of the Big Thicket National Preserve in Texas for purposes of a visitor contact and administrative site for such preserve. The act authorizes appropriations for such acquisition.

Black Canyon, Colorado: Public Law 98-357 establishes a boundary for the Black Canyon of the Gunnison National Monument in

Colorado. The act also authorizes appropriations to the Department of the Interior such sums as necessary to carry out the provisions of the act.

Brigham City, Utah, land conveyances: Public Law 98-401 directs the Secretary of the Interior to convey by quitclaim deed without consideration to the city of Brigham City, Utah, all Federal right, title and interest in remaining Federal property at the Intermountain Indian Boarding School when such property ceases to be used for Indian school purposes.

California Wilderness Act: Public Law 98-425 is the California Wilderness Act of 1984. Title I of the act designates as components of the National Wilderness Preservation System 39 units of land in the State of California. Title I also abolishes the previous classifications of the High Sierra Primitive Area, the Emigrant Basin Primitive Area, and the Salmon-Trinity Alps Primitive Area; directs the Secretary of Agriculture to review and report to the President on the suitability for preservation as wilderness of the: (1) Carson-Iceberg Planning Area in the Stanislaus and Toiyabe National Forests; (2) Hoover Wilderness Additions Planning in the Toiyabe National Forest; and (3) Pyramid Peak Planning Area in the San Bernardino National Forest; requires the Secretary to maintain the wilderness character of those planning areas for 4 years; and, directs the Secretary to acquire any privately owned lands within the National forest wilderness areas designated by this title. Title I of Public Law 98-425 adds the following lands to the National Park System: (1) the Jennie Lakes Additions in the Sequoia National Forest; and (2) the McCauley Ranch Addition. The act directs the Secretary of Agriculture to transfer to the jurisdiction of the Secretary of the Interior specified land in the Stanislaus National Forest for administration as part of Yosemite National Park and directs the Secretary of the Interior to transfer to the jurisdiction of the Secretary of Agriculture specified land in the Sierra National Forest, and designates the following lands as wilderness: (1) the Yosemite Wilderness into Yosemite National Park; and (2) the Sequoia-Kings Canyon Wilderness in the Sequoia-Kings Canyon National Park. The act provides that the lands which have been added to the National Park System by this act and which represent potential wilderness additions to be designated wilderness upon notice that all uses thereon prohibited by the Wilderness Act have ceased.

Title II of the act amends the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act to designate a certain part of the Tuolumne River, California, as a component of the National Wild and Scenic River System and authorizes appropriations.

Title III of the act establishes the Mono Basin National Forest Scenic Area in the Inyo National Forest in California and extends the boundary of the Inyo National Forest to include the Scenic Area.

Chattahoochee River National Recreation Area: Public Law 98-568 revises the boundaries of the Chattahoochee River National Recreation Area in Georgia, to increase the maximum acreage. The act requires the exchange of federally owned "exchange lands" for non-Federal lands of equal value. The act also requires Federal and State agencies and instrumentalities which construct any project

recommended in the study entitled "Metropolitan Atlanta Water Resources Management Study" (June 1, 1982) which adversely affect the Bowman's Island tract to mitigate such effects, upon request by the Secretary. The act also establishes the Chattahoochee River National Recreation Area Advisory Commission.

Congaree Swamp National Monument: Public Law 98-506 names the principal visitor center at the Congaree Swamp National Monument in South Carolina the Harry R.E. Hampton Visitor Center. The act prohibits the operation of solid waste disposal sites within the boundary of any unit of the National Park System, with specified exceptions.

Cumberland Island: Public Law 98-170 amends the boundaries of the Cumberland Island National Seashore.

Douglas County, Nevada: Public Law 98-552 releases any Federal reversionary interest in specified real property and authorizes Douglas County, Nevada, to transfer such property to any private person.

Eleanor Roosevelt National Historic Site: Public Law 98-162 commemorates the centennial of Eleanor Roosevelt's birth by establishment of a Commission of the Eleanor Roosevelt Centennial and authorization by the Secretary of the Interior of such improvements and development in the Eleanor Roosevelt National Historic Site at Val-Hill, New York.

Federal Land Policy and Management Act Amendments: Public Law 98-300 exempts electric and telephone facilities assisted under the Rural Electrification Act from certain right-of-way rental payments under the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976.

Federal Timber Contract Payment Modification Act: Public Law 98-478 is the Federal Timber Contract Payment Modification Act. The act authorizes requesting purchasers of Federal timber to buy out pre-1982 and specified reformed contracts held with the Secretary of Agriculture or the Secretary of the Interior. The act permits cancellation of up to 55 percent of a contract's volume, with a maximum of 200,000,000 board feet and a minimum of 15,000,000 board feet for any one purchaser. The purchaser's cost is based on net worth and projected contract losses. The act specifies that (1) the amounts collected from buy-outs shall be available for timber management appropriation; (2) Fiscal Year 1984 Forest Service region six timbers sales shall be limited to 4,300,000,000 board feet; (3) beginning in fiscal year 1985 and continuing until completion of specified 1983 contract extensions such region's timber sales shall be adjusted to specified levels; (4) affiliated concerns shall be treated as a single entity for purposes of calculating net worth and buy-out limitations; (5) the Secretary of Agriculture shall waive the annual rental fees required of the Boy Scouts of America for their use of national forest system lands as organizational camps if such organizations perform services prescribed by the Secretary; and (6) the waiver of the annual rental fee shall be conditioned upon full performance of such services.

Fire Island National Seashore: Public Law 98-482 is the Fire Island National Seashore Amendments of 1984. The act requires the Secretary of the Interior to sell any property within the boundaries of the Fire Island National Seashore in New York which is

acquired by condemnation under this act. The act also provides that money from such sales shall be available to the Secretary only for purposes of acquiring property within the seashore.

Florida Wilderness Act: Public Law 98-430 is the Florida Wilderness Act of 1983. It designates seven components of land in Florida as components of the National Wilderness Preservation System. The act directs the Secretary of Agriculture to review the following Florida lands to determine their suitability for preservation as wilderness: (1) the Clear Lake Wilderness Study Area in the Apalachicola National Forest; and (2) the Natural Area Wilderness Study Area in the Osceola National Forest. The act prohibits the Department of the Interior from issuing phosphate leases in the Osceola National Forest until the President recommends to Congress that such leases be permitted in a specified area of the forest, based upon a national need for phosphate.

Frank Church—River of No Return Wilderness: Public Law 98-231 renames the "River of No Return Wilderness" in the State of Idaho as the "Frank Church—River of No Return Wilderness."

Golden Gate National Recreational Area: Public Law 98-28, an act to dedicate the Golden Gate National Recreational Area in California to the late Representative Phillip Burton in recognition of his leadership in establishing the Golden Gate National Recreation Area, and his contribution to the National Park System and the Wilderness Preservation System.

Gladys Noon Spellman Dedication: Public Law 98-46 dedicates to Gladys Noon Spellman that portion of the Baltimore-Washington Parkway which is under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of the Interior in recognition of her efforts to upgrade this transportation corridor and her public service as a Member of the U.S. House of Representatives from Maryland.

Harry S. Truman Historic Site: Public Law 98-32 authorizes the Secretary of the Interior to acquire the former home of Harry S. Truman in Missouri in order to establish the Harry S. Truman National Historic Site.

Historic American Buildings Survey: Public Law 98-268 commends the Historic Building Survey, a program of the National Park Service, Department of the Interior, the Library of Congress, and the American Institute of Architects.

Illinois and Michigan Canal National Heritage Corridor Act: Public Law 98-398 establishes the Illinois and Michigan Canal National Heritage Corridor and the Illinois and Michigan Canal National Heritage Corridor Commission, which shall administer the corridor. Title II of the act is the Jefferson National Expansion Memorial Amendments Act of 1984 which authorizes the Secretary of the Interior to designate for addition to the Jefferson National Expansion Memorial in Illinois up to 100 acres in the city of East Saint Louis.

Irish Wilderness Act of 1984: Public Law 98-289 establishes the Irish Wilderness in Mark Twain National Forest, Missouri. The act also repeals the prohibition under the 1984 Department of the Interior Appropriation Act on the issuance of prospecting permits within the boundaries of the Irish Wilderness as proposed on the December 1981 map of such lands.

Lake Lowell, Idaho: Public Law 98-196 provides for the conveyance of certain Federal lands adjacent to Orchard and Lake Shore Drives, Lake Lowell, Boise Project, Idaho. However, the mineral rights would be reserved to the United States.

Lane County, Oregon: Public Law 98-137 conveys certain lands in Lane County, Oregon, to certain landowners who were deprived of such real property as a result of errors in a 1941 Federal survey. (This measure was vetoed by the President and the veto overridden by the Congress on October 25, 1983.)

Lee Metcalf Wilderness, Montana: Public Law 98-140 is the Lee Metcalf Wilderness and Management Act of 1983. Public Law 98-140 establishes the Lee Metcalf Wilderness and Management Area in the State of Montana, and other purposes.

McClintock House, New York: Public Law 98-402 permits the Secretary of the Interior to acquire fee simple title to the McClintock House, Waterloo, New York, as part of the Women's Rights National Historical Park.

National Historic Preservation Act Amendments: Public Law 98-483 amends the National Historic Preservation Act to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 1985 through 1989 for the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation.

National Trails Amendments: Public Law 98-11, the National Trails System Act Amendments of 1983 (title II) establishes three new scenic trails, two of which are to be administered by the National Park Service and one by the U.S. Forest Service. Specifically, the act designates the Potomac Heritage National Scenic Trail extending along the Potomac River for about 700 miles through Virginia, Maryland, the District of Columbia, and Pennsylvania. The act also designates the Natchez Trace National Scenic Trail extending 694 miles from Nashville, Tenn., to Natchez, Miss. In addition, the act designates the Florida National Scenic Trail extending 1,300 miles in the State of Florida.

Six trail studies also are authorized: the Juan Bautista de Anza Trail in California; the Trail of Tears, from North Carolina to Oklahoma; the Illinois Trail along the route of the Illinois Michigan Canal; the Jedediah Smith Trail from Idaho to California; and the General Crook Trail and the Beale Wagon Road, both in Arizona.

The act also provides a mechanism to encourage and assist volunteer and citizen involvement in the national trails development and maintenance programs. In addition, the act commemorates the contributions of two former Members of the Congress: Representatives Harold T. "Bizz" Johnson of California and Roy A. Taylor of North Carolina, as well as Mr. William Bartram.

Nellis Air Force Range, Nevada: Public Law 98-485 withdraws certain public lands in Clark, Nye, and Lincoln Counties, Nevada from all forms of appropriation under the public land laws. The act reserves such lands for defense-related uses by the Department of the Air Force.

Okefenokee Rural Electric Membership Corporation: Public Law 98-421 requires the Secretary of the Interior to reimburse the Okefenokee Rural Electric Membership Corporation for installation of transmission facilities which supply electricity for the Federal Gov-

ernment within the Cumberland Island National Seashore in Georgia.

Olathe, Colorado: Public Law 98-400 amends the existing law to convey to Olathe, Colorado, full title to certain lands, including reversionary interests in such lands.

Oregon-California Trail System Amendments: Public Law 98-405 amends the National Trails System Act by adding the California Trail and the Pony Express Trail to the list of trails to be studied for possible designation as national scenic or historic trails. Finally, the act also authorizes the Secretary of the Interior to accept the donation of suitable markers for placement along the Daniel Boone Trail to commemorate the contributions of Daniel Boone.

Oregon Wilderness Act of 1984: Public Law 98-328 designates 27 parcels of land in the State of Oregon as components of the National Wilderness Preservation System. The act also establishes within the Umpqua, Willamette, Winema, and Deschutes National Forests the Oregon Cascades Recreation Area. Within this recreation area the act designates the following as components of the National Wilderness Preservation System: (1) the Mount Thielsen Wilderness in Umpqua, Willamette, Winema, and Deschutes National Forests; and (2) the Diamond Peak Wilderness Additions in the Umpqua, Willamette, Winema and Deschutes National Forests.

Payson, Arizona: Public Law 98-439 authorizes the Secretary of Agriculture to transfer specified land, without consideration, to the town of Payson, Arizona and provides that title shall revert to the United States under specified conditions.

Pike National Forest: Public Law 98-484 extends the boundary of the Pike National Forest in Colorado. The act also amends the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act to provide for a study of a portion of the Horsepasture River, in North Carolina, to determine whether or not it should be designated as a part of the wild and scenic rivers system.

Public Lands and National Parks Act of 1983: Public Law 98-141, the Public Lands and National Parks Act of 1983. First, the act authorizes the Secretary of the Interior to accept approximately 4 acres of land adjacent to the Effigy Mounds National Monument, Iowa, in return for the conveyance of some three acres of monument land.

Second, the act increases the authorized ceilings for land acquisition for the Cape Lookout National Seashore, North Carolina; the Cape Cod National Seashore, Massachusetts; the Sleeping Bear Dunes National Lakeshore, Michigan; and the Congaree Swamp National Monument, South Carolina.

Third, the act increases the authorization for development of the Perry's Victory and International Peace Memorial, Ohio, and other related purposes.

Fourth, the act increases by \$20 million the borrowing authority of the Pennsylvania Avenue Development Corporation (PADC, Washington, D.C.).

Fifth, the act directs the Secretary of the Interior to release certain restrictions involving uses of land previously conveyed to the State of Florida for a State recreation area.

Sixth, the act provides for consideration of claims under the Color-of-Title Act for a tract of land in Livingston Parish, Louisiana.

Seventh, the act provides for the conveyance of all Federal interests in a tract of National Forest land in Tulare County, California, to the occupants thereof.

Finally, the act adjusts the boundaries of two national forests in Colorado to transfer certain Bureau of Land Management and Bureau of Reclamation lands to National Forest status, and to transfer certain National Forest lands for management by the BLM.

Saint Croix Island: Public Law 98-422 recognizes that because of its historic significance to the United States and Canada, the Saint Croix Island National Monument in the State of Maine is redesignated as the "Saint Croix Island International Historic Site."

San Juan Basin Wilderness Protection Act of 1984: Public Law 98-603 is the San Juan Basin Wilderness Protection Act of 1984. Title I of the act designates as components of the National Wilderness Preservation System, the Bisti Wilderness and the De-na-zin Wilderness, in New Mexico. The act also directs the Bureau of Land Management to conduct a long-range study of the Fossil Forest, N.M., to determine how best to manage the area's resource values. The act also sets forth requirements for an exchange of Federal lands selected by New Mexico for State lands located within the wilderness areas designated by this act, including lands located within the De-na-zin Wilderness Area. The act also provides for the relief of the Elephant Butte Irrigation District from certain obligations to reimburse the Bureau of Reclamation. In addition, the act (a) adds approximately 20 acres to the Sandia Mountain Wilderness in New Mexico, and (b) authorizes the Secretary to convey certain lands in Lake Sumner State Park in New Mexico to the Sumner Lake Corporation.

Santa Monica Mountain National Recreation Area: Public Law 98-572 amends the National Parks and Recreation Act of 1978 to authorize the exchange of specified lands with the city of Los Angeles and requires the transfer of lands so acquired (lands associated with the Upper Franklin Reservoir) to the National Park Service without cost for inclusion within the Santa Monica Mountains National Recreation Area. The act also requires an easement for an existing water pipeline associated with the Upper Franklin Reservoir.

Seneca County, Ohio Land Conveyance: Public Law 98-592 authorizes the Secretary of the Interior to convey certain lands in Seneca County, Ohio, to specified title holders of record and title claimants.

Show Low, Arizona: Public Law 98-287 directs the Secretary of Agriculture to convey all Federal right, title, and interest in certain tracts of land known as the Show Low City Park to the city of Show Low, Arizona.

Sitka National Park: Public Law 98-503 authorizes up to \$4,000,000 in appropriations for development in the Sitka National Historical Park in Alaska.

Sleeping Bear Dunes National Lakeshore: Public Law 98-505 increases the budget ceiling for land acquisition for the Sleeping Bear Dunes National Lakeshore in Michigan.

South Carolina Lands Exchange: Public Law 98-496 directs the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission to waive charges required under the Federal Power Act for the use of any Federal interests lying within the boundary of the South Carolina Public Service Authority's Santee-Cooper hydroelectric project. The waiver is conditioned upon: (1) the conveyance of such interests by the United States directly to the licensee for such project; (2) Commission notification that the United States has received fair market value for such conveyance.

Utah Wilderness Act: Public Law 98-428 is the Utah Wilderness Act of 1984. Title I of the act sets forth congressional findings and purposes and designates 12 units of land in Utah as components of the National Wilderness Preservation System. Title I also abolishes the previous classifications of the Mount Timpanogos Scenic Area and the High Uintas Primitive Area.

Title II of the act releases lands for nonwilderness uses and sets forth the findings of Congress that: (1) the Department of Agriculture has completed the second roadless area review and evaluation program (RARE II); and (2) Congress has made its own review of national forest system roadless areas in Utah and of the environmental impacts associated with alternative allocations of such areas.

Title III covers miscellaneous provisions of the act relating to (a) grazing of livestock in wilderness areas; (b) water rights; (c) buffer zones around Utah wilderness areas; and (d) continuing mineral assessments in Utah wilderness areas.

Volunteers in the Park Act: Public Law 98-540 amends the Volunteers in the Parks Act of 1969 to increase the ceiling on the authorization of appropriations for the volunteers in parks program. It amends the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to recruit volunteers to aid in the activities administered by the Secretary through the Bureau of Land Management. It exempts the National Park Service, the Bureau of Land Management, and the United States Fish and Wildlife Service from the provisions of the Office of Management and Budget Circular A-76. The act permits such agencies to enter into contracts for services and materials under other provisions of laws, regulations, orders, rules, and policies. The act requires the National Park Service, beginning in fiscal year 1985, to implement a maintenance management system into the maintenance and operations programs of the National Park System.

Washington Wilderness Act of 1984: Public Law 98-339 designates 21 units of land in the state of Washington as components of the National Wilderness Preservation System. The act revises the boundary of the Goat Rocks Wilderness in the Wenatchee and Gifford Pinchot National Forests. The act specifies lands in Franklin County, Washington, as the Juniper Dunes Wilderness. The act establishes the Mount Baker National Recreation Area in the Mount Baker Snoqualmie National Forest.

Wild and Scenic Rivers Act Amendments: Public Law 98-444 amends the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act to: (1) permit the installa-

tion and operation of facilities or other activities for the control of the lamprey eel in the Pere Marquette Wild and Scenic River in Michigan; and (2) designate a specified portion of the Au Sable River, Michigan, as a component of the National Wild and Scenic Rivers System.

Public Law 98-494 amends the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act to designate a segment of the Illinois River and three segments of the Owyhee River, both in Oregon, as components of the National Wild and Scenic Rivers system. The act provides for a study of a segment of the North Umpqua River, in Oregon, to determine whether or not it should be designated as a part of the wild and scenic rivers system. The act also directs the Secretary of Agriculture to provide that management practices for Steamboat Creek conserve, protect, and enhance its anadromous fish habitat and population.

Wyoming Wilderness: Public Law 98-550 is the Wyoming Wilderness Act of 1983. The act designates as additions to National Wilderness Preservation System: (1) the Cloud Peak Wilderness in the Bighorn National Forest; (2) the Popo Agie Wilderness in the Shoshone National Forest; (3) the Gros Ventre Wilderness in the Bridger-Teton National Forest; (4) the Winegar Hole Wilderness in the Bridger-Teton National Forest; (5) Jedediah Smith Wilderness in the Targhee National Forest; (6) the Huston Park Wilderness in the Medicine Bow National Forest; (7) the Encampment River Wilderness Area in the Medicine Bow National Forest; (8) the Platte River Wilderness in the Medicine Bow and Routt National Forests of Wyoming and Colorado; (9) the Corridor Addition to the Teton Wilderness in the Bridger-Teton Wilderness; (10) the Silver Creek Addition to the Bridger Wilderness and the Newfork Lake Addition to the Bridger Wilderness in the Bridger-Teton National Forest; (11) the Glacier Addition to the Fitzpatrick Wilderness in the Shoshone National Forest; (12) the South Fork Addition to the Washakie Wilderness in the Shoshone National Forest; and (13) the High Lakes Addition to the Absaroka-Beartooth Wilderness in the Shoshone National Forest.

The act also directs a review of the suitability for preservation as wilderness of: (1) the Palisades Wilderness Study Area in the Bridger-Teton and Targhee National Forest of Wyoming; (2) the Shoal Creek Wilderness Study Area in the Bridger-Teton and Targhee National Forests of Wyoming; and (3) the High Lakes Wilderness Study Area in the Shoshone National Forest of Wyoming.

Title IV of the act provides for the release of lands for multiple use management. The act also prohibits any further statewide roadless area review and evaluation of national forest system lands in Wyoming without express congressional authorization.

Title VI requires the Secretary of Agriculture to review Departmental policies and practices regarding livestock grazing in Wyoming's wilderness areas to ensure their compliance with the Wilderness Act and this act. The act states that: (1) nothing in this act shall constitute a claim or denial by the Federal Government as to exemption from Wyoming water laws; and (2) nothing in this act shall be construed as affecting Wyoming's jurisdiction over wildlife and fish in the national forests in the State. In addition, the act (a) provides that it is not Congress' intention that the designation of wilderness areas in Wyoming lead to the creation of buffer zones

around each such area and (b) provides for the protection of archaeological resources.

MEASURES ENACTED INTO LAW

Public Law 98-11 (S. 271), Mr. McClure, Mr. Wallop, and Mr. Denton: An act to amend the National Trails System Act by designating additional national scenic and historic trails, and for other purposes.

Public Law 98-28 (H.R. 2600), Mr. Miller of California, et al.: An act to dedicate the Golden Gate National Recreation Area to Congressman Phillip Burton.

Public Law 98-32, (S. 287), Mr. Eagleton, Mr. Danforth, and Mr. Matsunaga: An act to establish the Harry S. Truman National Historic Site in the State of Missouri, and for other purposes.

Public Law 98-46 (S. 680), Mr. Sarbanes, Mr. Mathias, and Mr. Matsunaga: An act entitled the "Gladys Noon Spellman Dedication".

Public Law 98-61 (S. 459), Mr. McClure and Mr. Symms: An act to authorize and direct the Secretary of the Interior to convey, by quitclaim deed, all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to certain lands that were withdrawn or acquired for the purpose of relocating a portion of the city of American Falls out of the area flooded by the American Falls Reservoir.

Public Law 98-137, (H.R. 1062), Mr. Weaver: An act to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to convey, without consideration, certain lands in Lane County, Oregon.

Public Law 98-140, (S. 96), Mr. Melcher: An act to establish the Lee Metcalf Wilderness and Management Area in the State of Montana, and for other purposes.

Public Law 98-141 (H.R. 1213), Mr. Seiberling: An act to amend certain provisions of law relating to units of the National Park system and other public lands, and for other purposes. The act also incorporates provisions of (a) S. 420, quieting title to certain land claims in Livingston Parish, Louisiana; and (b) S. 473, authorizing acquisition of certain lands for addition to Effigy Mounds National Monument, Iowa.

Public Law 98-162 (S.J. Res. 139), Mr. Moynihan, Mr. D'Amato, and Mr. Baker: An act to commemorate the centennial of Eleanor Roosevelt's birth.

Public Law 98-170 (S. 807), Mr. Nunn and Mr. Mattingly: An act to amend the boundaries of the Cumberland Island National Seashore.

Public Law 98-196 (S. 577), Mr. McClure: An act to provide for the conveyance of certain Federal lands adjacent to Orchard and Lake Shore Drives, Lake Lowell, Boise project, Idaho.

Public Law 98-231 (S. 2354), Mr. McClure: An act to rename the "River of No Return Wilderness" in the State of Idaho as the "Frank Church—River of No Return Wilderness".

Public Law 98-268 (S.J. Res. 173), Mr. Johnston, Mr. Long, Mr. Mathias, Mr. Abdnor, Mr. Inouye, Mr. Moynihan, Mr. Mattingly, Mr. Lautenberg, and Mr. Percy: An act commending the Historic American Buildings Survey, a program of the National Park Serv-

ice, Department of the Interior, the Library of Congress, and the American Institute of Architects.

Public Law 98-287 (S. 597), Mr. DeConcini and Mr. Goldwater: An act to convey certain lands to Show Low, Arizona.

Public Law 98-289 (S. 64), Mr. Danforth and Mr. Eagleton: An act to establish the Irish Wilderness in Mark Twain National Forest, Missouri.

Public Law 98-300 (H.R. 2211), Mr. Marlenec and Mr. Vucanovich: An act to exempt electric and telephone facilities assisted under the Rural Electrification Act from certain right-of-way rental payments under the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976.

Public Law 98-328 (H.R. 1149), Mr. Weaver, Mr. Aucoin, and Mr. Wyden: An act to designate certain National Forest System and other lands in the State of Oregon for inclusion in the National Wilderness Preservation System, and for other purposes.

Public Law 98-339 (S. 837), Mr. Gorton, Mr. Jackson, and Mr. Evans: An act to designate certain National Forest Systems lands in the State of Washington for inclusion in the National Wilderness Preservation System, and for other purposes.

Public Law 98-357 (H.R. 3825) Mr. Kogovsek: An act to establish a boundary for the Black Canyon of the Gunnison National Monument, and for other purposes.

Public Law 98-366 (H.R. 5740) Mr. Young of Arkansas: "The Barrow Gas Field Transfer Act of 1984."

Public Law 98-398 (S. 746) Mr. Percy, Mr. Dixon, and Mr. Heinz: An act to establish the Illinois and Michigan Canal National Heritage Corridor in the State of Illinois, and for other purposes.

Public Law 98-400 (S. 1547) Mr. Armstrong and Mr. Hart: An act to amend the conditions of a grant of certain lands to the town of Olathe, Colorado, and for other purposes.

Public Law 98-401 (S. 2036) Mr. Garn and Mr. Hatch: An act to require the Secretary of the Interior to convey to the city of Brigham City, Utah, certain land and improvements in Box Elder County, Utah.

Public Law 98-402 (H.R. 4596) Mr. Horton, Mr. McGrath, Mr. Weiss, Mr. McHugh, Mr. Addabbo, Mr. Boehlert, Mr. Owens, Mr. LaFalce, Mr. Fish, Mr. Green, Mr. Martin of New York, Ms. Ferraro, and Mr. Ackerman: An act to amend section 1601(d) of Public Law 96-607 to permit the Secretary of the Interior to acquire title in fee simple to McClintock House at 16 East Williams Street, Waterloo, New York.

Public Law 98-405 (H.R. 3787) Mr. Brown of Colorado: An act to amend the National Trails System Act by adding the California Trail to the study list, and for other purposes.

Public Law 98-406 (H.R. 4707) Mr. Udall and Mr. McNulty: An act to designate certain national forest lands in the State of Arizona as wilderness, and for other purposes.

Public Law 98-421 (S. 806) Mr. Nunn and Mr. Mattingly: An act to provide for a plan to reimburse the Okefenokee Rural Electric Membership Corporation for the costs incurred in installing electrical service to the Cumberland Island National Seashore.

Public Law 98-422 (S.J. Res. 25) Mr. Cohen and Mr. Mitchell: An act redesignating the Saint Croix Island National Monument in the

State of Maine as the "Saint Croix Island International Historic Site".

Public Law 98-425 (H.R. 1437) Mr. Burton, of California, et al.: An act entitled: "The California Wilderness Act of 1984".

Public Law 98-428 (S. 2155) Mr. Garn and Mr. Hatch: An act to designate certain National Forest System lands in the State of Utah for inclusion in the National Wilderness Preservation System to release other forest lands for multiple use management, and for other purposes.

Public Law 98-430 (H.R. 9) Mr. Fuqua et al.: An act to designate components of the National Wilderness Preservation System in the State of Florida.

Public Law 98-439 (S. 598) Mr. DeConcini and Mr. Goldwater: An act to authorize a land conveyance from the Department of Agriculture to Payson, Arizona.

Public Law 98-444 (S. 2732), Mr. Levin and Mr. Riegle: An act to amend the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act to permit the control of the lamprey eel in the Pere Marquette River and to designate a portion of the Au Sable River, Michigan, as a component of the National Wild and Scenic Rivers System.

Public Law 98-478 (H.R. 2838), Mr. Weaver, Mr. Smith of Oregon and Mr. Sikorski: Federal Timber Contract Payment Modification Act.

Public Law 98-482 (H.R. 3697), Mr. Downey, Mr. Mrazek, Mrs. Ferraro, Mr. Solarz, Mr. Ackerman, Mr. Weiss: An act to modify Federal land acquisition and disposal policies carried out with respect to Fire Island National Seashore, and for other purposes.

Public Law 98-483 (H.R. 2889), Mr. Clinger, Mr. Levitas, Mr. Be-reuter, Mr. Beilenson, Mr. Weiss, Mr. Seiberling, Mr. Spratt, Mr. Burton, Mr. Won Pat, Mr. Rahall, Mr. Downey, Mr. Kostmayer, Mr. Edgar, Mr. Murphy, Mr. Moody, Mr. Kildee, and Mr. Smith, of Florida: An act to amend section 306 of the National Historic Preservation Act, and for other purposes.

Public Law 98-484 (H.R. 3601), Mr. Kramer: An act to modify the boundary of the Pike National Forest in the State of Colorado, and for other purposes.

Public Law 98-485 (H.R. 4932), Mr. Price (by request) and Mr. Dickinson: An act to withdraw and reserve for the Department of the Air Force certain public lands within the Nellis Air Force Range, within Clark, Nye and Lincoln Counties, Nevada, for use as a training and weapons testing area, and for other purposes.

Public Law 98-489 (H.R. 5631), Mr. Wilson: An act to provide for the acquisition of a visitor contact and administrative site for the Big Thicket National Preserve in the State of Texas.

Public Law 98-494 (S. 416), Mr. Hatfield and Mr. Packwood: An act to amend the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act by designating a segment of the Illinois River in Oregon and the Weyhee River in Oregon as components of the National Wild and Scenic River System.

Public Law 98-496 (S. 648), Mr. Thurmond and Mr. Hollings: An act to facilitate the exchange of certain lands in South Carolina.

Public Law 98-503 (S. 1688), Mr. Murkowski and Mr. Stevens: An act to amend the act of October 18, 1972, to modify the authoriza-

tion of appropriations for Sitka National Park, Alaska, and for other purposes.

Public Law 98-504 (S. 1790), Mr. Thurmond: An act to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to enter into a contract or cooperative agreement with the Art Barn Association to assist in the preservation and interpretation of the Art Barn and Pierce Mill located in Rock Creek Park within the District of Columbia.

Public Law 98-505 (S. 1868), Mr. Riegle and Mr. Levin: An act to add \$17,996,559 to the budget ceiling for new acquisitions at Sleeping Bear Dunes National Lakeshore.

Public Law 98-506 (S. 1889), Mr. Thurmond: An act to amend the act authorizing the establishment of the Congaree Swamp National Monument to provide that at such time as the principal visitor center is established, such center shall be designated as the "Harry R. E. Hampton Visitor Center."

Public Law 98-508 (S. 2125), Mr. Bumpers, Mr. Pryor, and Mr. Tower: An act entitled the "Arkansas Wilderness Act of 1983".

Public Law 98-540 (S. 864), Mr. McClure (by request): An act to amend the Volunteers in the Parks Act of 1969, and for other purposes.

Public Law 98-550 (S. 543), Mr. Wallop and Mr. Simpson: An act to designate certain national forest system lands in the State of Wyoming for inclusion in the National Wilderness Preservation System, to release other forest lands for multiple use management, to withdraw designated wilderness areas in Wyoming from minerals activity, and for other purposes.

Public Law 98-552 (S. 1160), Mr. Laxalt: An act to authorize Douglas County of the State of Nevada to transfer certain land to a private owner.

Public Law 98-568 (H.R. 2645), Mr. Levitas, Mr. Gingrich, Mr. Fowler, Mr. Jenkins, Mr. Barnard, Mr. Hatcher, Mr. Ray, Mr. Rowland, and Mr. Thomas, of Ga.: An act to amend the Act of August 15, 1978, regarding the Chattahoochee River National Recreation Area in the State of Georgia.

Public Law 98-572 (H.R. 3331), Mr. Berman, Mr. Beilenson, Mrs. Fiedler, Mr. Levine, Mr. Waxman, Mr. Martinez, Mr. Dixon, Mr. Dreier, Mr. Dymally, Mr. Hawkins, Mr. Lagomarsino, Mr. Lewis, of California, Mr. Roybal, Mr. Moorhead, and Mr. Torres: An act to authorize the exchange of certain lands between the Bureau of Land Management and the city of Los Angeles for purposes of the Santa Monica Mountains National Recreation Area.

Public Law 98-592 (H.R. 5716), Mr. Latta: An act providing for the conveyance of public lands, Seneca County, Ohio.

Public Law 98-603 (H.R. 6296), Mr. Richardson, Mr. Lujan, and Mr. Seiberling: An act entitled "The San Juan Basin Wilderness Protection Act of 1984".

Related public laws

Public Law 98-396 (H.R. 6040), Supplemental Appropriations Act for Fiscal Year 1984, incorporates similar provisions to S. 1775, an Act to repeal the designation of the Georgia O'Keeffe National Historic Site.

OTHER MEASURES ACTIVELY CONSIDERED

S.J. Res. 277, Mr. Thurmond, Mr. Warner, and Mr. Tribble: A joint resolution to authorize the Armed Forces Monument Committee, the United States Armor Association, the World Wars Tank Corps Association, the Veterans of the Battle of the Bulge, and the 1st, 4th, 8th, 9th, 11th, 14th, and 16th Armored Division Associations jointly to erect a memorial to the "American Armored Force" on United States Government property in Arlington, Virginia, and for other purposes. (Committee ordered measure to be reported with amendments favorably.) (Passed Senate with an amendment and an amendment to the title by voice vote.) (Referred to House Committee on House Administration.)

S. 5, Mr. Cranston: A bill to designate certain public lands in the State of California as wilderness, and for other purposes. (Hearings held. S. Hrg. 98-664.)

S. 49, Mr. Stevens, Mr. Murkowski, Mr. Inouye, Mr. Goldwater, Mr. McClure, Mr. Nickles, Mr. Symms, Mr. Hatch, Mr. Andrews, Mr. Johnston, Mr. Baker, Mr. Burdick, Mr. Thurmond, Mr. Jepsen, Mr. Laxalt, Mr. Heflin, Mr. East, Mr. D'Amato, Mr. Garn, Mr. Huddleston, Mr. Wallop, Mr. Helms, and Mr. Denton: An act to reopen hunting and trapping lands in Alaska. (Reported to Senate without recommendation with amendments. S. Rept. 98-281. Additional and minority views filed.) (Placed on Senate Legislative Calendar under General Orders. Calendar No. 493.)

S. 285, Mr. Domenici and Mr. Bingaman: A bill to designate the Bisti Badlands Wilderness in the State of New Mexico. (Hearings held. S. Hrg. 98-449.)

S. 345, Mr. Heflin and Mr. Denton: A bill to establish a national historic park at AfricaTown, U.S.A. (Prichard, and Mobile), Alabama. (Hearings held. S. Hrg. 98-203.)

S. 420, Mr. Johnston: An act to quiet title and possession with respect to a certain private land claim in Livingston Parish, Louisiana. (Passed Senate without amendment by Voice Vote.) (Referred to House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee. Provisions incorporated into H.R. 1213. See Public Law 98-141.)

S. 457, Mr. McClure, Mr. Symms, Mr. Laxalt and Mr. Wallop: A bill to require the protection, management, and control of wild free-roaming horses and burros on public lands. (Reported to the Senate with an amendment in the nature of a substitute and an amendment to the title. S. Rept. 98-339.) (Placed on Senate Legislative Calendar under General Orders. Calendar No. 622.)

S. 473, Mr. Grassley: An act to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to acquire certain lands by exchange for addition to Effigy Mounds National Monument to the State of Iowa, and for other purposes. (Passed Senate without amendment by Voice Vote.) (Referred to House Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.) (Provisions of measure incorporated into H.R. 1213. See Public Law 98-141.)

S. 482, Mr. McClure and Mr. Symms: A bill to provide relief for certain desert land entrymen in the State of Idaho. (Reported to the Senate without amendment. S. Rept. 98-254.) (Placed on Senate Legislative Calendar under General Orders. Calendar No. 435.)

S. 508, Mr. Laxalt, Mr. Hecht, Mr. Andrews, Mr. Pressler, Mr. Burdick, Mr. Durenberger, Mr. Abdnor, Mr. Baucus, Mr. Melcher, Mr. Garn, Mr. Boschwitz, Mr. Specter, Mr. Simpson, Mr. Chiles, Mr. Hatch, Mr. Danforth, Mr. Pryor, Mr. Bentsen, Mr. Eagleton, Mr. Murkowski, Mr. Warner, Mr. Stevens, and Mr. Bingaman: A bill to exempt entities receiving financial assistance from the Rural Electrification Administration from fees under the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976. (Hearings held. S. Hrg. 98-407.)

S. 542, Mr. Wallop: A bill to amend the act of July 15, 1968 (82 Stat. 356) Public Law 90-401 to include units of the National Forest System within the provisions of the act and for other purposes. (Hearing held. S. Hrg. 98-203.)

S. 565, Mr. Helms, and Mr. East: A bill to require the Secretary of the Interior to enter into an agreement with the State of North Carolina with respect to the repair and maintenance of a certain highway of such State located within Cape Hatteras National Seashore Recreation Area. (Hearings held. S. Hrg. 98-203.)

S. 600, Mr. DeConcini and Mr. Goldwater: A bill to amend Public Law 95-244. (Hearings held. S. Hrg. 98-407.)

S. 612, Mr. McClure: An act to amend the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1701) to permit temporary use by Federal departments and agencies of public lands Bureau of Land Management, Department of the Interior. (Passed Senate without amendment by Voice Vote.) (Referred to House Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.)

S. 613, Mr. McClure: An original bill to direct the Secretary of Agriculture to convey certain property to the city of Show Low, Arizona. (Reported to the Senate. S. Rept. 98-12.) (See S. 597.)

S. 620, Mr. Levin and Mr. Riegle: A bill to amend Public Law 89-668 relating to the Pictured Rocks National Lakeshore to require the development of a local land use plan and zoning regulations for the inland buffer zone. (Hearings held. S. Hrg. 98-407.)

S. 626, Mr. Goldwater and Mr. DeConcini: An act to designate the Aravaipa Canyon Wilderness in the State of Arizona. (Passed Senate with amendments by voice vote.) (Referred to House Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.) (See H.R. 4707.)

S. 627, Mr. Packwood and Mr. Hatfield: A bill to authorize the establishment of a national scenic area to assure the protection, development, conservation, and enhancement of the scenic, natural, cultural and other resource values of the Columbia River Gorge in the States of Oregon and Washington, to establish national policies to assist in the furtherance of its objective, and for other purposes. (Field hearing held. S. Hrg. 98-190.)

S. 724, Mr. Stafford and Mr. Randolph: A bill to authorize the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers to undertake activities to provide new public works investment, grants to the several states to encourage and foster the construction of necessary public capital investment projects, to assist in creating new and productive jobs, and for other purposes. (Committee discharged.)

S. 848, Mr. Cranston: A bill to provide for the orderly termination, extension, or modification of certain contracts for the sale of Federal timber, and for other purposes. (Hearings held. S. Hrg. 98-214.)

S. 862, Mr. McClure and Mr. Symms: A bill to amend the act of May 31, 1962 (76 Stat. 89). (Reported to Senate without amendment. S. Rept. 98-255.) (Placed on Senate Legislative Calendar under General Orders. Calendar No. 436.)

S. 886, Mr. Ford: An act to designate the Alben Barkley National Historic Site. (Passed Senate with an amendment by voice vote.) (Referred to House Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.)

S. 916, Mr. Hatfield, Mr. McClure, Mr. Jackson, Mr. Packwood, Mr. Gorton, Mr. Stevens, Mr. Murkowski, Mr. Symms, Mr. Melcher, Mr. Baucus, Mr. Burdick, Mr. Garn, Mr. Hatch, Mr. Goldwater, Mr. Wallop, Mr. DeConcini, Mr. Laxalt, Mr. Abdnor, Mr. Ford, Mr. Sasser, and Mr. Matsunaga: A bill to provide for the orderly termination, extension, or modification of certain contracts for the sale of Federal timber, and for other purposes. (Hearings Held. S. Hrg. 98-214.)

S. 1042, Mr. Hatfield: A bill to convey certain lands in Lane County, Oregon. (Indefinitely postponed by Senate by unanimous consent.)

S. 1084, Mr. McClure: A bill to designate additional rivers as components of the National Wild and Scenic Rivers System, and for other purposes. (Hearings held.)

S. 1090, Mr. Wallop, Mr. Baker, Mr. Biden, Mr. Bumpers, Mr. Chafee, Mr. Cohen, Mr. Cranston, Mr. Danforth, Mr. Dole, Mr. Domenici, Mr. Durenberger, Mr. Gorton, Mr. Hatfield, Mr. Heinz, Mr. Jackson, Mr. Johnston, Mr. Laxalt, Mr. Lugar, Mr. McClure, Mr. Melcher, Mr. Quayle, Mr. Roth, Mr. Specter, Mr. Stafford, Mr. Stevens, Mr. Symms, Mr. Thurmond, Mr. Warner, Mr. Simpson, Mr. Hollings, Mr. Leahy, Mr. Dixon, Mr. Wilson, Mr. Kasten, Mr. Baucus, Mr. Abdnor, Mr. Nunn, Mr. Tribble, Mr. Glenn, Mr. Percy, Mr. Bingaman, Mr. Jepsen, Mr. Mitchell, Mr. D'Amato and Mr. East: An act to establish a National Outdoor Recreation Resources Review Commission to study and recommend appropriate policies and activities for government agencies at the Federal, State, and local levels and for the private sector, to assure the continued availability of quality outdoor recreation experiences in America to the year 2000, and for other purposes. (Passed Senate with amendment by voice vote.) (Referred to House Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.) (Hearings held.)

S. 1218, Mr. Nunn: A bill to amend the act of August 15, 1978 regarding the Chattahoochee River National Recreation Area in the State of Georgia. (Hearings held. S. Hrg. 98-975.)

S. 1329, Mr. Chafee, Mr. Stafford, Mr. Randolph, Mr. Mitchell, Mr. Percy, and Mr. Moynihan: A bill to extend until October 1, 1993, the authority for appropriations to promote the conservation of migratory waterfowl and to offset or prevent the serious loss of wetlands and other essential habitat, and for other purposes. (Reported to Senate with amendments. S. Rept. 98-383. Minority views filed.) (Placed on Senate Legislative Calendar under General Orders. Calendar No. 757.)

S. 1331, Mr. Cranston: A bill to establish the Mono Lake National Monument in the State of California, and for other purposes. (Hearings held. S. Hrg. 98-975.)

S. 1389, Mr. Laxalt and Mr. Hecht: A bill to transfer administration of certain lands in California and Nevada to the Bureau of Land Management. (Hearings held. S. Hrg. 98-658.)

S. 1504, Mr. Bentsen, Mr. Tower, Mr. Moynihan, Mr. Hollings, Mr. Murkowski, Mr. Mitchell, Mr. Stafford, Mr. Inouye, Mr. Stevens, Mr. Mathias, Mr. Nunn, Mr. Sarbanes, and Mr. Riegle: A bill to provide for protection of historic shipwrecks, structures, and artifacts located on a seabed or in the subsoil of the lands beneath waters of the United States. (Hearings held. S. Hrg. 98-722.)

S. 1515, Mr. Wilson: A bill entitled the "California Wilderness Act of 1983." (Hearings held. S. Hrg. 98-664.)

S. 1590, Mr. Wallop and Mr. Simpson: A bill to clarify the contractual authority of the Secretary of the Interior to deliver water to the North Platte Irrigation District Project. (Hearings held. S. Hrg. 98-469.)

S. 1611, Mr. DeConcini, Mr. Goldwater, Mr. Hatch, and Mr. Garn: A bill entitled the "Arizona Strip District Wilderness Act of 1983." (Hearings held. S. Hrg. 98-779)

S. 1647, Mr. Cranston and Mr. Wilson: An act to authorize the use of funds from rental of floating drydock and other marine equipment to support the National Maritime Museum in San Francisco, California. (Hearings held. S. Hrg. 98-722.) (Committee ordered the measure be reported with an amendment favorably.) (Passed Senate with an amendment by voice vote.) (Referred to House Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.)

S. 1654, Mr. Wilson and Mr. Cranston: A bill to validate conveyances of certain lands in the State of California that form part of the right-of-way granted by the United States to the Central Pacific Railway Company. (Hearings held. S. Hrg. 98-658.)

S. 1695, Mr. Cranston, Mr. Hecht, Mr. Laxalt, Mr. Simpson, Mr. Zorinsky, Mr. Garn, and Mr. Hatch: A bill to amend the National Trails System Act by authorizing for study the Pony Express Trail under the provisions of the act. (Hearings held.)

S. 1705, Mr. Moynihan and Mr. D'Amato: A bill to modify Federal land acquisition and disposal policies carried out with respect to Fire Island National Seashore, and for other purposes. (Hearings held. S. Hrg. 98-658.) (House companion measure H.R. 3697 became Public Law 98-482.)

S. 1756, Mr. Durenberger, Mr. Humphrey, Mr. Tsongas, Mr. Andrews, Mr. Boschwitz, Mr. Kasten, Mr. Heinz, Mr. Chafee, Mr. Lugar, Mr. Pell, Mr. Hatfield, Mr. Moynihan, Mr. Percy, Mr. Bingaman, Mr. Leahy, Mr. Bumpers, Mr. Bradey, and Mr. Hollings: A bill to provide for assistance to State and local governments and private interests for conservation of certain rivers, and for other purposes. (Hearings held.)

S. 1775, Mr. Domenici: An act to repeal the designation of the Georgia O'Keeffe National Historical Site. (Passed Senate without amendment and an amendment to the title by voice vote.) (Referred to House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee.) (Subsequently incorporated into Public Law 98-396 (H.R. 6040).)

S. 1859, Mr. Domenici: A bill for the transfer of certain interests in lands in Dona Ana County, New Mexico, to New Mexico State University, Las Cruces, New Mexico. (Committee ordered bill reported with amendments favorably. S. Rept. 98-552.) (Placed on

Senate Legislative Calendar under General Orders. Calendar No. 1048.) (Passed Senate with amendments by voice vote.) (Referred to House Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.)

S. 1860, Mr. Laxalt, Mr. Hecht, Mr. Cranston, and Mr. Wilson: A bill to clear title to certain lands along the California-Nevada boundary. (Hearings held. S. Hrg. 98-658.)

S. 1947, Mr. Sasser and Mr. Baker: A bill to designate certain lands in the Great Smoky Mountains National Park as wilderness; to provide for settlement of all claims of Swain County, North Carolina against the United States under the Agreement dated July 30, 1943; and for other purposes. (Hearings held.)

S. 2015, Mr. Hart: A bill to establish a boundary for the Black Canyon of the Gunnison National Monument, and for other purposes. (Hearings held.)

S. 2032, Mr. Hart: A bill to designate certain additional national forest lands in the State of Colorado as components of the National Wilderness Preservation System. (Hearings held.)

S. 2082, Mr. Moynihan and Mr. Jepsen: A bill to identify, commemorate, and preserve the legacy of historic landscapes of Frederick Law Olmsted, and for other purposes. (Hearings held.)

S. 2095, Mr. Humphrey and Mr. Rudman: A bill to amend the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act by designating the Wildcat River for study as a National Wild and Scenic River. (Committee ordered bill reported with amendments and an amendment to the title. S. Rept. 98-420.) (Placed on Senate Legislative Calendar under General Orders. Calendar No. 813.)

S. 2136, Mr. Wilson and Mr. Cranston: A bill to authorize the exchange of certain lands between the Bureau of Land Management and the city of Los Angeles for purposes of the Santa Monica Mountains National Recreation Area. (Hearings held.)

S. 2183, Mr. Helms: A bill to designate certain lands in the Great Smoky Mountains National Park as wilderness, and for other purposes. (Hearings held.)

S. 2242, Mr. Goldwater: A bill to designate certain national forest lands in the State of Arizona as wilderness, and for other purposes. (Committee ordered bill reported with an amendment in the nature of a substitute. S. Rept. 98-463.) (Placed on Senate Legislative Calendar under General Orders. Calendar No. 896.) (Senate incorporated S. 2242 into H.R. 4707 as an amendment and passed H.R. 4707 in lieu of S. 2242. See Public Law 98-406. S. 2242 was indefinitely postponed by Senate by unanimous consent.)

S. 2331, Mr. Moynihan and Mr. D'Amato: A bill to amend section 1601(d) of Public Law 98-607 to permit the Secretary of the Interior to acquire title in fee simple to McClintock House at 16 Williams Street, Waterloo, New York. (Committee ordered bill reported with an amendment in the nature of a substitute favorably. No written report.) (Placed on Legislative Calendar under General Orders. Calendar No. 1045.) (Indefinitely postponed by Senate by unanimous consent. See Public Law 98-402.)

S. 2457, Mr. McClure and Mr. Symms: A bill to designate certain national forest systems lands in the State of Idaho for inclusion in the National Wilderness Preservation System and to release other forest lands for multiple-use management, and for other purposes. (Committee ordered reported with amendments. S. Rept. 98-464.)

(Placed on legislative calendar under general orders. Calendar No. 897.)

S. 2471, Mr. Garn and Mr. Hatch: A bill to improve the land ownership patterns and management of State and Federal lands in the State of Utah, and for other purposes. (Hearings held.)

S. 2657, Mr. McClure: A bill to withdraw and reserve for the Air Force certain public lands within the Nellis Air Force Range, within Clark, Nye and Lincoln Counties, Nevada, for use as a training and weapons testing area, and other purposes. (Hearings held.) (House companion measure H.R. 4932 became Public Law 98-485.)

S. 2658, Mr. McClure: A bill to withdraw and reserve for the Department of the Army certain public lands within the McGregor Range, Otero County, New Mexico, for use as a training and weapons testing area, and for other purposes. (Hearings held.)

S. 2659, Mr. McClure: A bill to withdraw and reserve for the Department of the Air Force certain public land within the Luke Air Force Range, Maricopa, Pima and Yuma Counties, Arizona, for use as a training and weapons testing area, and for other purposes. (Hearings held.)

S. 2660, Mr. McClure: A bill to withdraw and reserve for the Department of the Army certain public lands within the Fort Greely Maneuver Area, in the Big Delta area, Alaska, and certain public lands within the Fort Greely Air Drop Zone, in the Granite Creek area, Alaska, for use as training and equipment development areas, and for other purposes. (Hearings held.)

S. 2661, Mr. McClure: A bill to withdraw and reserve for the Department of the Army certain public lands within the Fort Wainwright Maneuver Area, Fourth Judicial District, Alaska, for use as a training and weapons testing area, and for other purposes. (Hearings held.)

S. 2662, Mr. McClure: A bill to withdraw and reserve for the Department of the Navy certain public lands for the Bravo-20 Bombing Range, Churchill County, Nevada, for use as a training and weapons testing area, and for other purposes. (Hearings held.)

S. 2692, Mr. Armstrong, Mr. Domenici, Mr. Simpson, and Mr. Stevens: A bill to exempt water conveyance systems from fees and conditions under the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976, and for other purposes. (Hearings held.)

S. 2753, Mr. Hatfield, Mr. Cranston, Mr. Packwood, Mr. Gorton, Mr. Evans, Mr. Wilson, Mr. Goldwater, Mr. DeConcini, Mr. Ford, Mr. Stennis, Mr. Murkowski, Mr. Thurmond, and Mr. Heflin: A bill to provide for the buy-out of certain contracts for Federal timber. (Committee incorporated provisions of measure into H.R. 2838 and ordered reported. See Public Law 98-478.)

S. 2762, Mr. Murkowski and Mr. Stevens: A bill entitled the "Barrow Gas Field Transfer Act of 1984". (Hearings held.)

S. 2850, Mr. Melcher and Mr. Baucus: A bill to designate certain National Forest System lands in the State of Montana for inclusion in the National Wilderness Preservation System, and for other purposes. (Hearings held.)

S. 2916, Mr. Armstrong: A bill to designate certain additional national forest lands and national park lands in the State of Colorado as components of the National Wilderness Preservation System and for other purposes. (Hearings held.)

S. 2949, Mr. Garn and Mr. Hatch: A bill to improve the land ownership patterns and management of State of Utah and Federal lands in the State of Utah and for other purposes. (Hearings held.)

H.R. 174, Mr. Hoyer, et al.: A bill entitled: the "Gladys Noon Spellman Parkway". (Reported to Senate with amendment in the nature of a substitute and an amendment to the title. Without written report.) (See Public Law 98-46 (S. 680).)

H.R. 451, Mr. Shumway: An act to validate conveyances of certain lands in the State of California that form part of the right-of-way granted by the United States to the Central Pacific Railway Company. (Hearings held. S. Hrg. 98-658.)

H.R. 999, Mr. Seiberling, et al.: An act to provide for the conservation, rehabilitation, and improvement of natural and cultural resources located on public or Indian lands, and for other purposes. (Reported to the Senate with an amendment in the nature of a substitute. S. Rept. 98-140.) (October 3, 1984, passed Senate with an amendment by voice vote. October 3, 1984, objection was heard to unanimous consent to concur with Senate Amendment. October 5, 1984, Rules Committee reported to House H. Res. 608. October 9, 1984, Rule passed the House and the House agreed to the Senate amendments. October 9, 1984, measure cleared for White House. October 19, 1984, measure presented to President.) (October 31, 1984, pocket vetoed by the President.)

H.R. 1191, Mr. Kogovesk: An act to convey full title for lands granted to the town of Olathe, Colorado, by Act of Congress, and for other purposes. (Hearings held. S. Hrg. 98-658.)

H.R. 1341, Mr. Lehman, of California, et al.: A bill to establish the Mono Lake National Monument in the State of California, and for other purposes. (Hearings held.)

H.R. 2982, Mr. Kogovsek: An act to exempt irrigation conveyance systems from fees and conditions under the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976, and for other purposes. (Hearings held.)

H.R. 3472, Mr. Vander Jagt: An act to amend the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act to permit the control of the lamprey eel in the Pere Marquette River. (See Public Law 98-444.)

H.R. 5426, Mr. Kogovesk: An act to designate certain National Forest System Lands in the State of Colorado for inclusion in the National Wilderness Preservation System, and for other purposes. (Hearings held.)

H.R. 6234, Mr. Lujan: An act to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to sell certain property located in Lake Sumner Park, in the State of New Mexico. (October 2, 1984, passed House with amendments and sent to the Senate. October 3, 1984 measure received in the Senate and held at the desk by unanimous consent.)

SUBCOMMITTEE ON WATER AND POWER

DON NICKLES, Oklahoma, *Chairman*

MARK O. HATFIELD, Oregon
MALCOLM WALLOP, Wyoming
FRANK H. MURKOWSKI, Alaska
CHIC HECHT, Nevada
DANIEL J. EVANS, Washington

PAUL E. TSONGAS, Massachusetts
WENDELL H. FORD, Kentucky
HOWARD M. METZENBAUM, Ohio
CARL LEVIN, Michigan

JURISDICTION

The jurisdiction of the Subcommittee on Water and Power included oversight and legislative responsibilities for irrigation; reclamation projects; power marketing administrations (e.g. Bonneville, Western Area Power, Southeastern Power); energy development impacts on water resources; small power producers; and hydroelectric power.

LEGISLATIVE ACTIVITIES

During the 98th Congress, 36 Senate bills, and three House bills were referred to the subcommittee. In addition, one House-passed measure was held at the Senate desk without referral to the committee.

The subcommittee held 8 days of legislative hearings on 17 of these measures, including:

Colorado River Basin Salinity Control Act of 1974 Amendments (S. 752);

Legislation authorizing a special study of and research and demonstration program for the potential for groundwater recharge in the Western States (2 days);

Reclamation Safety of Dams Act Amendments (S. 672 and S. 739.);

Small Reclamation Projects Act of 1956 Amendments (S. 1811);

Legislation to provide for the relief of water users deprived of winter stock water on Willow Creek, Idaho, below the Ririe Dam and Reservoir (S. 483) (1 day);

Yakima River Basin Water Enhancement Project (S. 1027) (1 day); and

Miscellaneous water resources legislation.

Of these measures, six became public laws, as discussed below. Four others were incorporated into public laws which originated with other committees; these included matters related to: (1) Dallas Creek participation in the Upper Colorado storage project (S. 662); (2) feasibility study of water resource development in the Central Platte Valley, Nebraska (S. 681); (3) Yakima River Basin Water Enhancement Project credits for certain construction costs (H.R. 653);

and (4) land conveyances to the town of Wrightsville Beach, North Carolina, and to the city of Roswell, New Mexico (S. 1659).

In addition, there were four measures under the subcommittee's jurisdiction which were actively considered by the Congress but did not receive final action before adjournment sine-die: Two of these measures (S. 805 and S. 818) passed the Senate and two measures (S. 483 and S. 622) were still pending before the Senate.

A summary of the public laws within the jurisdiction of the subcommittee enacted during the 98th Congress follows:

Belle Fourche Irrigation Project: Public Law 98-157 reauthorizes the existing Belle Fourche reclamation project in South Dakota as a unit of the Pick-Sloan Missouri Basin Program; authorizes funds for the rehabilitation and betterment of the irrigation facilities and for water conservation, recreation, and fish and wildlife conservation and development; and allows the proceeds from the sale of project related water to be applied toward project costs.

Colorado River Basin Salinity Control: Public Law 98-569 directs the Secretary of the Interior or the Secretary of Agriculture to give preference to those salinity control units which reduce salinity of the Colorado River at the least cost per unit of salinity reduction. The act authorizes the construction, operation, and maintenance of salinity control units for: (1) stage I of the Lower Gunnison Basin unit, Colorado; and (2) the McElmo Creek unit, Colorado. The act allows any salinity control not authorized to include measures to replace incidental wildlife losses foregone as a result of construction of such unit, with specified exceptions. Under the act the Secretary of Agriculture is to establish a voluntary cooperative program with private landowners to improve on-farm water management and reduce watershed erosion on non-Federal and Department of Agriculture lands. The act also directs the Secretary of the Interior to: (1) develop a program for minimizing salt contributions to the Colorado River from lands administered by the Bureau of Land Management; (2) undertake feasibility studies of saline water use and disposal opportunities; and (3) undertake advanced planning activities on the Sinbad Valley Unit, Colorado.

High Plains States Groundwater Demonstration Program Act: Public Law 98-434 is the High Plains States Groundwater Demonstration Program Act of 1983. The act directs the Secretary of the Interior, acting through the Bureau of Reclamation, to conduct, in two phases, an investigation of, and to establish demonstration projects for, groundwater recharge of aquifers in Colorado, Kansas, Nebraska, New Mexico, Oklahoma, South Dakota, Texas and Wyoming (the High Plains States) as well as in Arizona, California, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, North Dakota, Oregon, Utah and Washington (the other Reclamation Act States).

Hydroelectric Powerplants: Public Law 98-381 is the Hoover Powerplant Act of 1984. Title I of the act authorizes the Secretary of the Interior to increase the capacity of existing generating equipment at Hoover Powerplant and to improve parking, visitor facilities, roads, and other facilities which will contribute to the safety and sufficiency of visitor access to Hoover Dam and Powerplant.

Title II of Public Law 98-381 requires those purchasers of power marketed by the Western Area Power Administration who have entered into long-term firm power service contract to develop and

implement energy conservation programs subject to approval by such Administration.

Pick-Sloan Missouri River Basin Program: Public Law 98-470 authorizes the Secretary of the Interior to make amendments to certain repayment and water service contracts for the Frenchman unit of the Pick-Sloan Missouri River Basin program, Nebraska.

MEASURES ENACTED INTO LAW

Public Law 98-157 (S. 448), Mr. Abdnor and Mr. Pressler: An act to authorize rehabilitation of the Belle Fourche irrigation project, and for other purposes.

Public Law 98-381 (S. 268), Mr. McClure, Mr. Hatfield, Mr. Melcher, and Mr. Symms: An act to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to construct, operate, and maintain certain facilities at Hoover Dam, and for other purposes.

Public Law 98-404 (H.R. 1652), Mr. Kazen, Mr. Udall, Mr. Cheney, Mr. Kogovsek, Mr. McCain, Mr. McNulty, Mr. Lehman of California, Mr. Seiberling, and Mr. Brown of Colorado: An act to amend the Reclamation Safety of Dams Act of 1978, and for other purposes.

Public Law 98-434 (H.R. 71), Mr. Bereuter, Mr. Kazen, Mr. Brown, Mr. Kogovsek, Mr. Hightower, and Mr. Udall: An act to authorize and direct the Secretary of the Interior to engage in a special study of the potential for groundwater recharge in the High Plains States, and for other purposes.

Public Law 98-470 (H.R. 3130), Mr. Smith of Nebraska: An act to authorize amendments to certain repayment and water service contracts for the Frenchman unit of the Pick-Sloan Missouri River Basin program.

Public Law 98-569 (H.R. 2790), Mr. Kogovsek, et al.: An act to amend the Colorado River Basin Salinity Control Act to authorize certain additional measures to assure accomplishment of the objectives of certain additional measures to assure accomplishment of objectives of title II of such act, and for other purposes.

Related public laws

Public Law 98-63 (H.R. 3069), Supplemental Appropriations Act of 1983, incorporated similar provisions to—

S. 662, A bill to provide for confirmation of the repayment contract of the Dallas Creek participating project of the Upper Colorado storage project.

S. 681, A bill to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to engage in a feasibility study of water resource development and for other purposes in the Central Platte Valley, Nebraska.

Public Law 98-242 (S. 684), Mr. Abnor, Mr. Moynihan, Mr. Garn, and Mr. Hatch: The Water Resources Research Act of 1983, incorporates similar provisions to S. 1659, Mr. Helms; Mr. East, Mr. Bingaman: A bill to require the Secretary of the Interior, under certain conditions, to convey the Wrightsville Beach Test Facility (a Federal desalting facility) to the town of Wrightsville Beach, North Carolina, and to convey the Roswell Test Facility (another Federal desalting facility) to the city of Roswell, New Mexico, and for other purposes.

Public Law 98-396 (H.R. 6040), Supplemental Appropriations Act for Fiscal Year 1984, incorporates similar provisions to H.R. 653, Mr. Morrison, of Va., Mr. Foley, Mr. Pritchard, Mr. Bonker, Mr. Dicks, Mr. Lowry, Mr. Chandler, Mr. Swift: A bill to amend Public Law 96-162 to provide a credit to the State of Washington for certain construction costs associated with the Yakima River Basin Water Enhancement Project.

Public Law 98-552 (S. 1160), Mr. Laxalt: An act to authorize Douglas County of the State of Nevada to transfer certain land to a private owner. This act incorporates the text of S. 2936 which was added as a House floor amendment (See discussion under Subcommittee on Public Lands and Reserved Water.)

OTHER MEASURES ACTIVELY CONSIDERED

S. 483, Mr. McClure and Mr. Symms: A bill to provide for the relief of water users deprived of winter stock water on Willow Creek, Idaho, below the Ririe Dam and Reservoir. (Committee ordered bill reported with an amendment. S. Rept. 98-367.) (Placed on Senate Legislative Calendar under General Orders. Calendar No. 723.)

S. 622, Mr. McClure: A bill to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to undertake feasibility investigations. (Reported to Senate with an amendment in the nature of a substitute. S. Rept. 98-271. Additional and minority views filed.) (Placed on Senate Legislative Calendar under General Orders. Calendar No. 468.)

S. 662, Mr. Armstrong and Mr. Hart: A bill to provide for confirmation of the repayment contract of the Dallas Creek participating project of the Upper Colorado storage project. (Reported to Senate without amendment. S. Rept. 98-133.) (Placed on Senate Legislative Calendar under Regular Orders. Calendar No. 206.) (Indefinitely postponed by Senate by unanimous consent.) (See Public Law 98-63.)

S. 672, Mr. McClure, Mr. Goldwater, Mr. Wallop, Mr. DeConcini, and Mr. Cranston: A bill to amend the Reclamation Safety of Dams Act of 1978 to authorize additional appropriations, and for other purposes. (Reported to Senate with amendments. S. Rept. 98-258.) (Placed on Senate Legislative Calendar under General Orders. Calendar No. 439.) (Indefinitely postponed by Senate by unanimous consent.) (See Public Law 98-404.)

S. 681, Mr. Exon and Mr. Zorinsky: A bill to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to engage in a feasibility study of water resource development and for other purposes in the Central Platte Valley, Nebraska. (See Public Law 98-63, H.R. 3069.)

S. 739, Mr. DeConcini, Mr. McClure, Mr. Goldwater, Mr. Wallop, and Mr. Cranston: A bill to amend the Reclamation Safety of Dams Act of 1978 to authorize additional appropriations, and for other purposes. (Hearings held. S. Hrg. 98-224, Pt. 1.) (Committee considered bill at business meeting and incorporated it into S. 672.)

S. 752, Mr. Armstrong, Mr. Goldwater, Mr. Wallop, Mr. Hart, Mr. Garn, Mr. Simpson, Mr. Laxalt, Mr. Hatch, Mr. Wilson, Mr. Jepsen, Mr. Hecht, Mr. Cranston, Mr. DeConcini, Mr. Domenici, and Mr. Bingaman: A bill to authorize certain additional measures to assure accomplishment of the objectives of title II of the Colora-

do River Basin Salinity Control Act, and for other purposes. (Hearings held. S. Hrg. 98-224 Pt. 3.) (See. H.R. 2790, House companion measure.)

S. 805, Mr. Wilson: A bill to amend the act of July 28, 1954 (68 Stat. 575), to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to construct, operate, and maintain the Santa Margarita project, California, and for other purposes. (Passed Senate with amendments by voice vote.) (Referred to House Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.) (Hearings held.)

S. 818, Mr. Laxalt and Mr. Hecht: A bill to authorize the replacement of existing pump casings in Robert B. Griffith water project pumping plants 1A and 2A (formerly the Southern Nevada water project), and for other purposes. (Passed Senate without amendment by voice vote.) (Referred to House Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.)

S. 1027, Mr. Gorton and Mr. Jackson: A bill to amend Public Law 96-162. (Senate incorporated measure in H.R. 653 as an amendment and passed the companion measure H.R. 653 in lieu of S. 1027 by voice vote. S. 1027 indefinitely postponed by Senate by voice vote.)

S. 1428, Mr. Exon and Mr. Zorinsky: A bill to authorize amendments to certain repayment and water service contracts for the Frenchman unit of the Pick-Sloan Missouri River Basin program. Committee on Energy and Natural Resources ordered favorably reported H.R. 3130 in lieu of S. 1428.

S. 1590, Mr. Wallop and Mr. Simpson: A bill to clarify the contractual authority of the Secretary of the Interior to deliver water to the North Platte Irrigation District Project. (Hearings held. S. Hrg. 98-469.)

S. 1659, Mr. Helms, Mr. East, and Mr. Bingaman: A bill to require the Secretary of the Interior, under certain conditions to convey the Wrightsville Beach Test Facility (a Federal desalting facility) to the town of Wrightsville Beach, North Carolina, and to convey the Roswell Test Facility (another Federal desalting facility) to the city of Roswell, New Mexico, and for other purposes. (See Public Law 98-242, S. 684.)

S. 1811, Mr. Nickles, Mr. Exon, Mr. Zorinsky, and Mr. DeConcini: A bill to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to engage in a special study of the potential for groundwater recharge in the High Plains States, and for other purposes. (Hearings held. S. Hrg. 98-469. Pt. 2.) (See Public Law 98-434.)

S. 1884, Mr. Domenici: A bill to relieve the Elephant Butte Irrigation District of certain repayment obligations, and for other purposes. (Hearings held.) (See H.R. 6296, Public Law 98-603.)

S. 1981, Mr. McClure and Mr. Wilson: A bill to amend the Small Reclamation Projects Act of 1956, as amended. (Hearings held.)

S. 2098, Mr. Nickles: A bill to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to construct, operate, and maintain the Seward project, Oklahoma, and for other purposes. (Hearings held.)

S. 2643, Mr. Cranston and Mr. Wilson: A bill to extend the service area for the San Luis Unit of the Central Valley Project, and for other purposes. (Hearings held.)

S. 2936, Mr. Cranston: A bill to provide for cooperative agreements between the Secretary of the Interior and State and local

governments for law enforcement within Federal water resources projects. (Added by House as a floor amendment to S. 1160; See Public Law 98-552 in the Subcommittee on Public Lands and Reserved Water.)

H.R. 653, Mr. Morrison, of WA, Mr. Foley, Mr. Pritchard, Mr. Bonker, Mr. Dicks, Mr. Lowry, Mr. Chandler, and Mr. Swift: An act to amend Public Law 96-162 to provide a credit to the State of Washington for certain construction costs associated with the Yakima River Basin Water Enhancement Project. (Senate struck all after the enacting clause and substituted the language of S. 1027. Passed Senate with an amendment by voice vote.) (See Public Law 98-396.)

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